COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY El Paso County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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INSERT INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

As management of the Colorado Springs Urban Renewal Authority, we offer readers of the Authority's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Authority for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- Liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$81,694,356 at the close of the fiscal year. This is primarily due to the Authority being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which have been conveyed to other entities and which costs have been removed from the Authority's financial records
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Authority governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,854,095.
- Total cash and investments decreased by \$5,724,155 as compared to the prior year, mainly resulting from the incremental sales tax received by the Authority dedicated to the City for Champions projects and requisitions paid from proceeds for the Canyon Creek and Vineyard project areas.
- Incremental property taxes decreased by \$448,851 as compared to the prior year with the majority related to the decreased in assessed valuation at North Nevada, Vineyard, and South Nevada project areas.
- Incremental sales taxes increased by \$4,351,278 as compared to the prior year with the majority related to the increased sales at North Nevada, Copper Ridge and City for Champions project areas.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$340,678, or 81% of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Authority's basic financial statements. The Authority's basic financial statements are comprised of the three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Authority's finances, in a manner similar to a private-section business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the Authority's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Authority, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Authority are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The Authority maintains eight major governmental funds and five nonmajor governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for each of the major funds - General Fund, North Nevada Debt Service Fund, Ivywild Neighborhood Debt Service Fund, Canyon Creek Debt Service Fund, Vineyard Debt Service Fund, Gold Hill Mesa Capital Projects Fund, Copper Ridge Capital Projects Fund, City of Champions Capital Projects Funds (comprised of separate funds for the eight project elements: Administrative, U.S. Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame, CSEC Switchbacks Stadium, CSEC Hockey Arena, UCCS Sports Medicine and Performance, U.S. Air Force Academy Visitors Center, Southwest Infrastructure, Flexible Sub-Account) and the nonmajor funds – Vineyard Capital Projects Fund, City Auditorium Capital Projects Fund, City Gate Capital Projects Fund, Southwest Downtown Capital Projects Fund, and South Nevada Projects Fund.

The Authority adopts an annual budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for this fund in the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Notes to financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Supplementary and other information. The report includes individual fund schedules. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided in this section for the debt service funds and the capital projects funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position

	2021	2020
Current Assets Total Assets	\$ 33,358,362 33,358,362	\$ 40,745,040 40,745,040
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,795,358	5,651,014
Current Liabilities Long-term Obligations Total Liabilities	2,127,572 110,106,475 112,234,047	7,125,434 115,355,498 122,480,932
Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,614,029	6,907,421
Restricted for: Debt Service Capital Projects Unrestricted Total Net Position	10,655,674 3,895,407 (96,245,437) \$ (81,694,356)	641,890 7,958,343 (91,592,532) \$ (82,992,299)

As noted earlier, net position may serve as a useful indicator for the Authority's financial position. In the Authority's case, 2021 and 2020 ended with total assets valued at \$33,358,362 and \$40,745,040, respectively, with outstanding liabilities of \$112,234,047 and \$122,480,932, respectively. The Authority's assets consist primarily of cash and investments and current receivables.

Current assets decreased by \$7,386,678, mainly resulting from incremental sales tax received by the Authority dedicated to the City for Champions projects and requisitions paid from proceeds for the Canyon Creek and Vineyard project areas.

The Authority had public improvements which were constructed by other entities where the Authority is a contributing entity. The Authority is responsible for the repayment of bonds issued to construct these improvements. Consequently, a deficit balance is reflected on the Authority's statement of net position.

Change in Net Position

	2021			2020	
REVENUES		_			
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	484,970	\$	448,640	
Operating Grants and Contributions		107,760		117,827	
Capital Grants and Contributions		4,190,354		20,380,984	
General Revenues:					
Incremental Property Taxes		6,854,758		7,303,609	
Incremental Sales Taxes		14,685,179		10,333,901	
Net Investment Income		28,261		294,309	
Total Revenues		26,351,282		38,879,270	
EXPENSES					
General Government		(2,226,849)		(6,458,555)	
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt		(4,499,759)		(5,195,225)	
Dedication of Capital Assets to Other Entities		(18,326,731)		(37,210,488)	
Total Expenses		(25,053,339)		(48,864,268)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,297,943		(9,984,998)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year		(82,992,299)		(73,007,301)	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$	(81,694,356)	\$	(82,992,299)	

The Authority's total revenue decreased by \$12,527,988. Incremental property taxes decreased \$448,851, mainly resulting from the decrease in assessed valuation at North Nevada, Vineyard, and South Nevada project areas. Incremental sales taxes increased by \$4,351,278 with the majority due to the increased sales at North Nevada, Copper Ridge and City for Champions project areas.

The Authority's net position increased by \$1,297,943 mainly due to the increase in incremental sales taxes, offsetting by the requisitions paid from proceeds for the Canyon Creek and Vineyard project areas and the principal reduction on the Authority's long-term debt.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Authority uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the Authority's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Authority's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balances may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$24,854,095. Of this balance, \$5,294,891 is restricted for North Nevada debt service, \$179,154 is restricted for Canyon Creek debt service, \$20,232 is restricted for Vineyard debt service, \$18,358,374 is being restricted for the use of the specific Urban Renewal Plan project and Regional Tourism Act areas, \$300,000 is assigned by the Board for operating reserves, and \$340,678 constitutes the unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion within the parameters established for the General Fund.

The General Fund is the operating fund of the Authority. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$340,678 out of a total fund balance of \$652,310.

The North Nevada Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$5,294,891 all of which is restricted for the repayment of bond indebtedness.

The Canyon Creek Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$179,154, all of which is restricted for the repayment of bond indebtedness.

The Vineyard Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$20,232, all of which is restricted for the repayment of bond indebtedness.

The City for Champions Capital projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$18,358,374 all of which is restricted for certified costs related to the eight project elements: Administrative, U.S. Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame, CSEC Switchbacks Stadium, CSEC Hockey Arena, UCCS Sports Medicine and Performance, U.S. Air Force Academy Visitors Center, Southwest Infrastructure, and Flexible Sub-Account.

The City Auditorium Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$98,948, all of which is restricted for the use of the specific Urban Renewal Plan.

The City Gate Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$54,668 all of which is restricted for the use of the specific Urban Renewal Plan.

The Southwest Downtown Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$115,576 all of which is restricted for the use of the specific Urban Renewal Plan.

The South Nevada Capital Projects Fund has a total fund balance of \$79,942 all of which is restricted for use of the specific Urban Renewal Plan.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Authority's total expenditures for 2021 are below the original budget amount by \$103,153. This favorable variance was primarily attributable to accounting, contract services, PR/advocacy costs and reimbursed expenditures on the different capital project areas.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Authority had total outstanding long-term obligations of \$110,106,475. The Authority's Series 2017 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds mature on September 1, 2027 and pay interest at the rate of 3.33% each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2017. Principal is payable annually on September 1, beginning on September 1, 2019. The Authority's Series 2018A Special Revenue Bonds mature on December 1, 2047 and pay interest at the rate of 5.75% on June 1 and December 1. The Authority's Series 2018B Subordinate Bonds were issued at the rate of 8.125% and payable annually on December 15, only to the extent of available Subordinate Pledged Revenue. The Authority's Series 2019 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds were issued at the rate of 3.30% and payable annually on February 1. The Authority's Series 2020 Refunding and Improvement Loan was issued at the rate of 2.05% and payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1. The Authority also has the following loans under long-term debt:

- The Culebra Properties Limited Liability Company, Ivywild Neighborhood Loan, maturing June 30, 2028, bears an interest rate of 7.00% per annum until paid in full, payable quarterly on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31 of each calendar year.
- The Series 2020 Revenue Note issued for the Vineyard project area, maturing December 1, 2036, with interest rates of 3.250% and 3.368%, payable annually on December 1.

Additional information on the Authority's long-term debt can be found in Note 5.

Next Year's Budgets

The Authority has appropriated \$32,324,068 in all funds for spending in the 2022 fiscal year budget and anticipates that beginning fund balances, administration fees, incremental property taxes, incremental sales taxes, debt issuance proceeds, and reimbursed expenditures will be sufficient to cover these expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Colorado Springs Urban Renewal Authority finances for all those with an interest in the Authority's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Colorado Springs Urban Renewal Authority 111 S. Tejon St., Suite 705 Colorado Springs, Colorado 80903.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	GovernmentalActivities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 633,651
Cash and Investments - Restricted	23,885,005
Receivable - County Treasurer	138
Accounts Receivable	257,205
Prepaid Expenses	11,632
Incremental Property Tax Receivable	7,614,029
Incremental Sales Tax Receivable	955,632
Due from Other Governments	1,070
Total Assets	33,358,362
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Loss on Refunding	4,795,358
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,795,358
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	110,520
Project Escrows	188,124
Due to Other Governments	591,594
Accrued Interest Payable	1,237,334
Noncurrent Liabilities:	, ,
Due Within One Year	4,963,366
Due in More Than One Year	105,143,109
Total Liabilities	112,234,047
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Incremental Property Tax Revenue	7,614,029
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	7,614,029
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Debt Service	10,655,674
Capital Projects	3,895,407
Unrestricted	(96,245,437)
Total Net Position	\$ (81,694,356)

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

									(E	let Revenue xpenses) and Change in
		Program Revenues								let Position
	-		Charges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and Contributions		G	overnmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		Expenses		ervices	Contributions			OHUIDUUOHS		Activities
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	2,226,849	\$	484,970	\$	48,806	\$	-	\$	(1,693,073)
Interest and Related Costs on		4 400 750				50.054				(4.440.005)
Long-Term Debt Dedication of Capital Assets to Other Entities		4,499,759 18,326,731		-		58,954		- 4 100 254		(4,440,805)
Dedication of Capital Assets to Other Entitles		10,320,731		<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _		4,190,354		(14,136,377)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	25,053,339	\$	484,970	\$	107,760	\$	4,190,354		(20,270,255)
	GEI	NERAL REVEN	NUES							
		cremental Prop		axes						6,854,758
		cremental Sale	-							14,685,179
	N	et Investment I	ncome	•						28,261
		Total Genera	al Reve	enues						21,568,198
	CHANGE IN NET									1,297,943
	Net Position - Beginning of Year								(82,992,299)	
	NE	FPOSITION -	END O	F YEAR					\$	(81,694,356)

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	North Nevada Debt Service	lvywild Neighborhood Debt Service	Canyon Creek Debt Service	Vineyard Debt Service	Gold Hill Mesa Capital Projects	Copper Ridge Capital Projects	City for Champions Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	
Cash and Investments	\$ 633,651	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 633,651
Cash and Investments - Restricted	-	4,658,750	-	184,084	20,232	-	295,274	18,377,531	349,134	23,885,005
Receivable - County Treasurer	-	138	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	138
Accounts Receivable	257,205	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	257,205
Prepaid Expenses	11,632	-	-	4.070	-	-	-	-	-	11,632
Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds	44457	-	-	1,070	-	-	-	-	-	1,070
	14,157	1 001 202	407.007	-	- ECO OE 4	4 770 004	- 006 705	-	440.220	14,157
Incremental Property Taxes Receivable	-	1,881,293	107,827	-	568,954	1,778,831	2,836,785	-	440,339	7,614,029
Incremental Sales Taxes Receivable		638,753					316,879			955,632
Total Assets	\$ 916,645	\$ 7,178,934	\$ 107,827	\$ 185,154	\$ 589,186	\$ 1,778,831	\$ 3,448,938	\$ 18,377,531	\$ 789,473	\$ 33,372,519
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES										
LIABILITIES										
Accounts Payable	\$ 96.770	\$ 2,750	\$ -	\$ 6,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,000	\$ -	\$ 110,520
Escrows	167,565	-,	-		-	-	20,559	-	-	188,124
Due to Other Funds	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	14,157	_	14,157
Due to Other Governments	_	_	_	_	_	_	591,594		_	591,594
Total Liabilities	264,335	2,750	-	6,000		-	612,153	19,157	-	904,395
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Incremental Property Tax Revenue	_	1,881,293	107.827	_	568.954	1,778,831	2,836,785	_	440.339	7,614,029
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	1,881,293	107,827		568,954	1,778,831	2,836,785	-	440,339	7,614,029
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable	11,632	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	11,632
Restricted		5,294,891	_	179,154	20,232	_	_	18,358,374	349,134	24,201,785
Assigned	300,000	-	_	-		_	_	-	-	300,000
Unassigned	340,678	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	340,678
Total Fund Balances	652,310	5,294,891	_	179,154	20,232		_	18,358,374	349,134	24,854,095
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 916,645	\$ 7,178,934	\$ 107,827	\$ 185,154	\$ 589,186	\$ 1,778,831	\$ 3,448,938	\$ 18,377,531	\$ 789,473	\$ 33,372,519

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DECEMBER 31, 2021

Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ 24,854,095

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net net position are different because:

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Loss on Refunding 4,795,358

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds:

Ivywild Neighborhood Loan (415,057)Bonds Payable - Series 2017 (37,400,000)Bonds Payable - Series 2018A (7,215,000)Bonds Payable - Series 2018B (1,086,000)Bonds Payable - Series 2019 (11,272,000)Loan Payable - Series 2020 (Vineyard) (5,229,704)Loan Payable - Series 2020 (North Nevada) (47,488,714)Accrued Interest Payable (1,237,334)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (81,694,356)

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	North Nevada Debt Service	lvywild Neighborhood Debt Service	Canyon Creek Debt Service	Vineyard Debt Service	Gold Hill Mesa Capital Projects	Copper Ridge Capital Projects	City for Champions Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES										
Administration Fees	\$ 467,400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 467,400
Bond administration Fees - Canyon Creek City for Champions - 15% Administration Fee	11,848	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	11,848
Net Investment Income	5,722 217	- 7.111	- 1,669	1,017	2	1.464	10.101	- 6.161	- 519	5,722 28,261
Incremental Property Taxes	217	1,667,654	113,530	31,926	644,263	1,561,389	2,674,174	0, 10 1	161,822	6,854,758
Incremental Sales Taxes	-	5,112,808	113,330	31,920	044,203	1,501,509	1,488,771	7,818,571	265.029	14,685,179
Stadium Contribution	_	0,112,000	_	_		_	1,400,771	4,190,354	200,023	4,190,354
Reimbursed Expenditures	48,806	-	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	48,806
Canyon Creek MD No. 2 pledged revenue	-	-	-	27,918	-	-	-	-	-	27,918
Canyon Creek MD No. 3 pledged revenue				31,036						31,036
Total Revenues	533,993	6,787,573	115,199	91,897	644,265	1,562,853	4,173,046	12,015,086	427,370	26,351,282
EXPENDITURES										
General	421,347	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,865	-	465,212
Debt Service	-	6,279,162	115,199	636,694	653,754	-	-	2,936,414	-	10,621,223
Capital Projects				4,712,298		1,562,853	4,173,046	7,266,148	2,374,023	20,088,368
Total Expenditures	421,347	6,279,162	115,199	5,348,992	653,754	1,562,853	4,173,046	10,246,427	2,374,023	31,174,803
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	112,646	508,411	-	(5,257,095)	(9,489)	-	-	1,768,659	(1,946,653)	(4,823,521)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Loan Issuance - Series 2020	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	1,781,789	1,781,789
Transfers from(to) other funds	-	-	-	-	(255,549)	-	-	-	255,549	· · ·
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)					(255,549)				2,037,338	1,781,789
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	112,646	508,411	-	(5,257,095)	(265,038)	-	-	1,768,659	90,685	(3,041,732)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	539,664	4,786,480		5,436,249	285,270			16,589,715	258,449	27,895,827
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 652,310	\$ 5,294,891	\$ -	\$ 179,154	\$ 20,232	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,358,374	\$ 349,134	\$ 24,854,095

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

\$ (3,041,732)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay	18,326,731
Dedication of Capital Assets to Other Entities	(18,326,731)

Long-term debt (e.g., issuance of bonds, the receipt of Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Principal Payment - Series 2017	800,000
Principal Payment - Series 2018	180,000
Principal Payment - Series 2019	466,000
Loan Principal Payment - Series 2020 (Vineyard)	427,157
Loan Principal Payment - Series 2020 (North Nevada)	5,086,286
Loan Principal Payment - Ivywild Neighborhood	71,369
Amortization of Loss on Refunding	(855,656)
Loan Issuance - Series 2020 (Vineyard)	(1,781,789)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:

Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable - Change in Liability (53,692)

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES							
Administration Fees	\$	565,000	\$	467,400	\$	(97,600)	
Bond administration Fees - Canyon Creek	•	11,848	*	11,848	*	-	
City for Champions - 15% Administration Fee		13,500		5,722		(7,778)	
Net Investment Income		3,000		217		(2,783)	
Reimbursement of Expenditures		90,000		48,806		(41,194)	
Reimbursed for PR/Advocacy		20,000		-		(20,000)	
Other Urban Renewal Plan Fees		40,000		-		(40,000)	
Total Revenues		743,348		533,993		(209,355)	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		170,000		146,258		23,742	
Audit		7,500		7,000		500	
Contracted Services		25,000		8,140		16,860	
CSURA Payroll Salaries		98,000		106,439		(8,439)	
CSURA Payroll Benefits		34,000		32,891		1,109	
Dues and Memberships		10,000		3,242		6,758	
Insurance		12,000		8,332		3,668	
Legal		70,000		72,416		(2,416)	
Meetings		5,000		184		4,816	
Miscellaneous		10,000		1,834		8,166	
Office Expense		3,000		731		2,269	
Services General - Reimbursed Expenditures		40,000		25,184		14,816	
PR/Advocacy		40,000		8,696		31,304	
Total Expenditures		524,500		421,347		103,153	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		218,848		112,646		(106,202)	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		523,330		539,664		16,334	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR		742,178	\$	652,310	\$	(89,868)	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

The Colorado Springs Urban Renewal Authority (Authority) was formed by resolution passed February 24, 1970, by the City Council of the City of Colorado Springs, Colorado (the City) pursuant to the Colorado Urban Renewal Law, Colorado Revised Statutes. The purpose of the Authority is to acquire and develop certain blighted areas in the City to maintain the public welfare.

The Authority currently has 14 outstanding project plans; they are identified as follows:

- 1. Southwest Downtown The project area was approved in 2001 and will end in 2026.
- 2. North Nevada Corridor The project area was approved in 2004 and will end in 2029. This is primarily a retail redevelopment and is currently in an active redevelopment stage.
- 3. Gold Hill Mesa The project area was approved in 2005 and will end in 2030. This is a mixed use redevelopment and is currently in an active stage.
- 4. City Auditorium The project area was approved in 2006 and will end in 2031. There is currently no redevelopment activity.
- 5. City Gate The project area was approved in 2007. There is currently no redevelopment activity.
- 6. Copper Ridge The project area was approved in 2010. This is primarily an upscale retail redevelopment. It is currently in an active redevelopment stage related to the retail development.
- 7. Ivywild Neighborhood The project area was approved in 2011. It is currently in an active redevelopment stage.
- 8. Vineyard The project area was approved in 2011. It is currently in an active redevelopment stage.
- 9. City for Champions The project elements include:
 - US Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame The project area receives 42% of the City for Champions increment.
 - Colorado Sports and Event Complex The project area receives 23% of the City for Champions increment. During 2019, this project area was broken out into two separate projects, the Switchbacks Stadium (receiving 66.67% of the 23%) and the Hockey Arena (receiving 33.33% of the 23%).
 - UCCS Sports Medicine and Performance The project area receives 14% of the City for Champions increment.
 - US Air Force Academy Visitors Center The project area receives 5% of the City for Champions increment.
 - Southwest Infrastructure The project area receives 10% of the City for Champions Increment.
 - Flexible Sub-Account The sub-account receives 6% of the City for Champions increment.
- 10. Gold Hill Mesa Commercial The project area was approved in December 2015.
- 11. South Nevada Avenue The project area was approved in December 2015. There is currently infrastructure under construction.
- 12. Museum and Park The project area was approved in 2018. It is currently in an active redevelopment state.

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY (CONTINUED)

- 13. Tejon and Costilla The project area was approved in 2018. It is currently in an active redevelopment state.
- 14. True North Commons The project area was approved 2019. There is currently no redevelopment activity.

The Authority follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Authority is considered a component unit of the City since the Authority's tax increment financing indicates financial accountability with the City, due to the benefits redevelopment will provide the City. The Mayor appoints the Authority board members and the City Council approves the appointment. City Council reviews the Urban Renewal Plans and any changes thereto. Legal counsel is in the opinion that under state statues, the City is not liable with respect to the bonds issued by the Authority.

The Authority has no employees and all administrative functions are contracted.

The more significant accounting policies of the Authority are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the Authority. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the Authority. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Authority considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are or will be incremental property tax and incremental sales and use taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Authority. Expenditures, other than long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The Authority reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Authority's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The North Nevada Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the North Nevada urban renewal project area.

The Ivywild Neighborhood Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the Ivywild Neighborhood urban renewal project area.

The Canyon Creek Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the Canyon Creek project area.

The Vineyard Debt Service Fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the Vineyard project area.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The Gold Hill Mesa Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the reimbursement, acquisition, and construction of public infrastructure in the Gold Hill Mesa urban renewal project area.

The Copper Ridge Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the reimbursement, acquisition, and construction of public infrastructure in the Copper Ridge urban renewal project area.

The City for Champions Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the reimbursement of costs related to the six project elements: U.S. Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame, CSEC Switchbacks Stadium, CSEC Hockey Arena, U.C.C.S. Sports Medicine and Performance Center, U.S. Air Force Academy Visitors Center and Flexible Sub-Account.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the Authority's administrative function and various other functions of the Authority. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenues include all incremental taxes received by the Authority.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the Authority's Board of Commissioners holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The Authority's Board of Commissioners can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The Authority has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The Authority follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Interfund Balances

The Authority reports interfund balances that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds in the fund financial statements as due to/from other funds (current portion of interfund loans) or advances to/from other funds (long-term portion of interfund loans). The interfund balances have been eliminated in the government-wide statement except for the residual balances between the governmental activities and business-type activities, which are reported as internal balances.

Incremental Property Taxes

The Authority receives incremental property tax revenue for each of the active Urban Renewal areas. Incremental property tax revenues are the property tax revenues in excess of an amount equal to the ad valorem property taxes produced by the levy at the rates fixed for such year by or for the governing bodies of the various taxing jurisdictions within or overlapping the Urban Renewal area upon a valuation for assessment equal to the property tax base amount. The property tax base amount is certified by the County Assessor as the valuation for assessment of all taxable property within the Urban Renewal area last certified by the County Assessor prior to the adoption of the Urban Renewal plan. The base amount may be proportionately adjusted for general reassessments in accordance with Colorado law.

Property taxes are levied by various taxing entities in each of the project areas by certification to the County Commissioners. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. Taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the incremental taxes collected monthly to the Authority.

Incremental property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The incremental property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Incremental Sales Tax

On June 12, 2007, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City, allowing the Authority to receive incremental sales tax generated from the North Nevada project area from the City's general sales tax of 2%, in excess of the sales tax base amount of \$375,603. The base calculation period used by the City is calculated from December through November of each year. The term of the agreement is for 23 years and the aggregate incremental sales tax revenues available to the Authority shall not exceed \$98,800,000.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Incremental Sales Tax (Continued)

On January 24, 2012, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City, allowing the Authority to receive incremental sales tax generated from the Ivywild Neighborhood project area from the City's general sales tax of 2%, in excess of the sales tax base amount of \$62,693. The term of the agreement is from January 24, 2012 through June 28, 2036.

On October 22, 2013, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City and Copper Ridge Metropolitan District, allowing the Authority to receive incremental sales tax generated from the Copper Ridge project area for a period of up to 25 years.

On February 27, 2019, the agreement was amended to extend the 25-year duration through 2044. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority will receive from the City's general sales tax of 1%, in excess of the sales tax base amount of \$30,272. During 2019, the sales tax base amount changed to \$52,976.

On December 16, 2015, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City, allowing the Authority to receive incremental sales tax generated from the South Nevada project area from the City's general sales tax of 1.75% for the first five years after approval of the South Nevada Area Urban Renewal Project Plan (the Plan), in excess of the sales tax base amount of \$934,475, and 1.5% from 2020 through the remaining 20 years, in excess of the sales tax base amount of \$800,979. On November 23, 2021, the agreement was amended to increase the City's general sales tax to 2% and the sales tax base amount changed to \$1,067,972.

Pursuant to the Resolution by the Colorado Economic Development Commission Concerning the Allocation of State Sales Tax Increment Revenue for the Colorado Springs City for Champions Project, executed on November 25, 2013, the Authority is receiving a percentage of the state sales tax increment revenue that is dedicated to the City for Champions Project, subject to an aggregate cap of \$120,500,000. The portion of state sales tax revenue collected within the boundaries of the regional tourism zone in excess of the base year revenue multiplied by 13.08% is dedicated to the Authority. The base year revenue of \$169,503,178, is identified by the state sales tax revenue collected from taxable transactions occurring within the regional tourism zone during the twelve-month period beginning on December 1, 2012 and ended on November 30, 2013.

On December 11, 2018, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City, allowing the Authority to receive incremental sales and use tax generated from the Museum & Park project from the City's 2% of general fund sales and use tax, in excess of the sales tax base amount of \$50,310.41. The specified portion of the City's general fund sales tax, which is in excess of the base amount, is 87.5 % of the 2% general fund sales tax (or 1.75%). The specified portion of the City's general fund use tax, which is in excess of the base amount, will be 50% of the 2% general fund use tax (or 1.00%). Any pledge of the use tax increment is limited to the extent appropriated and actually made available to the Authority, but in no event for a period in excess of 25 years.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Incremental Sales Tax (Continued)

On July 9, 2019, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City, allowing the Authority to receive incremental sales and use tax generated from the True North Commons project area from the City's 2% of general fund sales and use tax, in excess of the sales tax base amount. The specified portion of the City's general fund sales tax, which is in excess of the base amount, is 87.5 % of the 2% general fund sales tax (or 1.75%). The specified portion of the City's general fund use tax, which is in excess of the base amount, will be 50% of the 2% general fund use tax (or 1.00%). The sales tax base amount has not been determined. Any pledge of the use tax increment is limited to the extent appropriated and actually made available to the Authority, but in no event for a period in excess of 25 years.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Capital assets which are anticipated to be conveyed to other governmental entities are recorded as construction in progress, and are not included in the calculation of net investment in capital assets component of the Authority's net position.

It is the policy of the City to accept maintenance responsibility for all major public infrastructure within the City upon the Authority's completion and conveyance of such improvements provided they meet the City's specifications.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Amortization

In the government-wide financial statements, the loss on bond refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the refunded bonds. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred loss is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that time. The Authority has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *loss on refunding*, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amount is incurred.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Inflow/Outflow of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *incremental property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Fund Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Commissioners. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Commissioners.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Commissioners to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.)

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the Authority's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 633,651
Cash and Investments - Restricted	23,885,005
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 24,518,656

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 765,885
Investments	23,752,771
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 24,518,656

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

As of December 31, 2021, the Authority's cash deposits had a bank balance and a carrying balance of \$765,885.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The Authority has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the Authority follows state statutes regarding investments.

The Authority generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the Authority is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Commissioners. Such actions are generally associated with debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the Authority had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 23,752,771

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The Authority invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the Authority records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021 follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2020	Increases	Decreases	Balance at December 31, 2021
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being				
Depreciated:				
Construction in Progress	\$ -	\$ 18,326,731	\$ 18,326,731	\$ -
Total Capital Assets,				
Not Being Depreciated	_	18,326,731	18,326,731	_
		,,.	,	
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ -	\$ 18,326,731	\$ 18,326,731	\$ -

During 2021, the capital assets were constructed by other entities where the Authority is a contributing entity. The costs of the construction of capital assets transferred to other entities were removed from the Authority's financial records.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in Authority's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	D	Balance - Balance - December 31, 2020 Additions Retirements 2021			Additions Retirements		Due Within One Year			
Bonds Payable Series 2018A Senior Special Revenue Bonds	\$	7,325,000	\$		\$	110,000	\$	7,215,000	\$	125,000
Series 2018B Subordinate Special Rev Bonds	Ψ	1,156,000	Ψ	_	Ψ	70,000	Ψ	1,086,000	Ψ	125,000
Subtotal of Bonds Payable		8,481,000		-		180,000		8,301,000	_	125,000
Notes/Loans/Bonds From Direct										
Borrowings and Direct Placements										
Ivywild Neighborhood Loan		486,426		-		71,369		415,057		-
Series 2017A Tax Increment Revenue Bonds		14,700,000		-		300,000		14,400,000		400,000
Series 2017B Tax Increment Revenue Bonds		13,700,000		-		300,000		13,400,000		300,000
Series 2017C Tax Increment Revenue Bonds		9,800,000		-		200,000		9,600,000		300,000
Series 2019 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds		11,738,000		-		466,000		11,272,000		454,000
Series 2020 Refunding and Improvement Loan		52,575,000		-		5,086,286		47,488,714		3,200,000
Series 2020 Revenue Note		3,875,072		1,781,789		427,157		5,229,704		184,366
Accrued Interest - Ivywild Neighborhood Loan		-		37,102		37,102				
Subtotal of Notes/Loans/Bonds From Direct										
Borrowings and Direct Placements		106,874,498	_	1,818,891		6,887,914		101,805,475		4,838,366
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	115,355,498	\$	1,818,891	\$	7,067,914	\$	110,106,475	\$	4,963,366

The details of the Authority's long-term obligations are as follows:

Series 2018A Senior and Series 2018B Subordinate Special Revenue Bonds

On June 21, 2018, the Authority issued the 2018A Senior Special Revenue Bonds and the 2018B Subordinate Special Revenue Bonds in the amounts of \$7,325,000 and \$1,156,000, respectively. The proceeds from the sale of the Bonds will be used to: (i) finance certain costs associated with the redevelopment of property; (ii) fund capitalized interest for the 2018A Senior Bonds, (iii) fund the Senior Reserve Fund; and (iv) pay the costs of issuing the Bonds.

The 2018A Senior Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.75% per annum payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2018. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments on the 2018A Senior Bonds are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2021. The 2018A Senior Bonds mature on December 1, 2047.

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds were issued at the rate of 8.125% per annum payable annually on December 15, commencing December 15, 2018, but only to the extent of available Subordinate Pledged Revenue. The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest. Unpaid interest on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds compounds annually on each December 15. In the event any amounts due and owing on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds remain outstanding on December 15, 2057, such amounts shall be extinguished and no longer be due and outstanding.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Series 2018A Senior and Series 2018B Subordinate Special Revenue Bonds</u> (Continued)

The 2018A Senior Bonds are special, limited revenue obligations of the Authority, payable solely from the 2018A Senior Trust Estate, which is pledged and assigned pursuant to the 2018A Senior Indenture for the payment of the principal of and interest on the 2018A Senior Bonds.

The 2018A Senior Trust Estate consists of the Pledged Revenue, the Senior Bond Fund, the Senior Project Fund, the Senior Reserve Fund, the Senior Surplus Fund, and all other moneys, securities, revenues, receipts, and funds from time to time held by the Trustee under the terms of the 2018A Senior Indenture, other than the Senior Costs of Issuance Fund.

Pledged Revenue includes: (a) all Pledged Property Tax Increment Revenue; (b) all Pledge Agreement Revenue; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the Authority determines, in its sole discretion, to credit to the Senior Bond Fund.

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are special, limited revenue obligations of the Authority, payable solely from the 2018B Subordinate Trust Estate, which is pledged and assigned pursuant to the 2018B Subordinate Indenture for the payment of the principal of and interest on the 2018B Subordinate Bonds.

The 2018B Subordinate Trust Estate consists of the Subordinate Pledged Revenue, the Subordinate Bond Fund, and the Subordinate Project Fund, and all other moneys, securities, revenues, receipts, and funds from time to time held by the Trustee under the terms of the 2018B Subordinate Indenture, other than the Subordinate Costs of Issuance Fund. The "Subordinate Pledged Revenue" is defined as all Pledged Revenue after payment of all payment obligations required under the 2018A Senior Indenture during each Fiscal Year, including without limitation any required funding of any Senior Surplus Fund.

The 2018A Senior Bonds are also secured by the Senior Reserve Fund in the Senior Reserve Fund Requirement Amount of \$639,324, and the Senior Surplus Fund. As funds were insufficient to pay interest due on the 2018A Senior Bonds, the Authority has drawn down on the Senior Reserve Fund. The balance in the Senior Reserve Fund at December 31, 2021, was \$183,298.

Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the 2018A Senior Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Senior Surplus Fund, up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$732,500. Amounts on deposit in the Senior Surplus Fund on the maturity date of the 2018A Senior Bonds shall be applied to the payment of the 2018A Senior Bonds on such date.

The 2018B Subordinate Bonds are not secured by the Senior Reserve Fund, the Senior Surplus Fund, or any capitalized interest.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Series 2018A Senior and Series 2018B Subordinate Special Revenue Bonds</u> (Continued)

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal Interest			Total	
2022	\$ 125,000		\$ 414,863	\$	539,863
2023	135,000		407,675		542,675
2024	155,000		399,913		554,913
2025	160,000		391,000		551,000
2026	180,000		381,800		561,800
2027-2031	1,150,000		1,735,063		2,885,063
2032-2036	1,700,000		1,345,500		3,045,500
2037-2041	1,990,000		779,700		2,769,700
2042-2046	790,000		380,650		1,170,650
2047	830,000		47,725		877,725
Total	\$ 7,215,000		\$ 6,283,888	\$	13,498,888

Ivywild Neighborhood Loan

On March 21, 2012, the Authority entered into a loan agreement with the Culebra Properties Limited Liability Company (Lender) in the amount of \$778,000. The Loan, maturing June 30, 2028, bears an interest rate of 7% per annum until the Loan is paid in full, payable quarterly March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31 of each calendar year, commencing March 31, 2013. The Loan was issued to (i) provide financing for the Ivywild Neighborhood Urban Renewal Project (Project), and (ii) paying costs of issuance of the Loan.

The Loan is secured and payable from the Pledged Revenue, consisting of monies derived by (1) the Incremental Property Tax Revenues, (2) the Incremental Sales Tax Revenues, (3) all amounts held in the Loan Payment Fund together with investment earnings thereon; and (4) all other legally available monies which the Authority determines, in its sole discretion, to deposit in the Loan Payment Fund. The Authority shall credit all amounts comprising Pledged Revenue to the Loan Payment Fund. The monies in the Loan Repayment Fund will be used to pay interest and principal due on the loan. Any interest not paid when due shall continue to accrue until paid in full, and shall compound annually beginning on June 30, 2014. Repayment of the loan principal shall be due and payable on each payment date, to the extent of Pledged Revenue available. The full amount of the Loan shall become due and payable on the maturity date.

A debt service schedule cannot be determined as interest and principal are being paid based on the availability of funds from Pledged Revenue.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2017 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds

On April 12, 2017, the Authority issued the Tax Increment Revenue Bonds in the total amount of \$39,000,000, consisting of \$15,000,000 with UMB Bank (Series 2017A), \$14,000,000 with First Bank (Series 2017B) and \$10,000,000 with Academy Bank (Series 2017C). The Bonds were issued at the rate of 3.33% and are payable annually on September 1, beginning on September 1, 2019, through September 1, 2027. Interest payments are due on each March 1 and September 1, commencing September 1, 2017. Installments of principal of the Bonds are redeemable at the option of the Authority on any date at a redemption price equal to 100% of the installments of the principal amount of the Bonds redeemed plus accrued interest.

The Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the costs of the Hall of fame Project and the Southwest Infrastructure Project, to fund a portion of a reserve fund for the Bonds and to pay the expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the Bonds. The Bonds are secured by 52% of State Sales Tax Increment Revenue, which includes the Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame, one of the Project Elements of the City for Champions project (42%), plus 10% of Dedicated Revenue from the Flexible Sub-Account, provided that in no event shall the total cumulative dollar amount exceed \$62,660,000. If any principal or interest is not paid when due, interest on the unpaid amount shall be accrued and be payable on the unpaid amount at the interest rate borne by the Bonds plus (i) in the case of the first missed payment, 2% per annum, (ii) in the case of the second missed payment, 3% per annum, (iii) in the case of the third missed payment, 5% per annum and (iv) in the case of the fourth and any further missed payments, 7% per annum.

Series 2017A outstanding principal and interest will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal Interest		Total	
2022	\$ 400,000	\$	479,520	\$ 879,520
2023	500,000		466,200	966,200
2024	600,000		449,550	1,049,550
2025	700,000		429,570	1,129,570
2026	800,000		406,260	1,206,260
2027	11,400,000		379,620	 11,779,620
Total	\$ 14,400,000	\$	2,610,720	\$ 17,010,720

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2017 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Series 2017B outstanding principal and interest will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal Interest		Principal			Total
2022	\$	300,000	\$ 446,220	\$	746,220	
2023		500,000	436,230		936,230	
2024		600,000	419,580		1,019,580	
2025		700,000	399,600		1,099,600	
2026		800,000	376,290		1,176,290	
2027		10,500,000	 349,650		10,849,650	
Total	\$	13,400,000	\$ 2,427,570	\$	15,827,570	

Series 2017C outstanding principal and interest will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal Interest		ncipalInterest_		 Total
2022	\$	300,000	\$	319,680	\$ 619,680		
2023		400,000		309,690	709,690		
2024		400,000		296,370	696,370		
2025		500,000		283,050	783,050		
2026		600,000		266,400	866,400		
2027		7,400,000		246,420	 7,646,420		
Total	\$	9,600,000	\$	1,721,610	\$ 11,321,610		

Event of Taxability

If a Determination of Taxability occurs, the Authority agrees to pay, solely from the Trust Estate, to each owner or former owner on demand (i) an amount equal to the difference between (A) the amount of interest that would have been paid to such owner or former owner on its Bond if the 2017 Bonds had borne interest at the Taxable Rate beginning on the later of (1) Taxable Date or (2) the date such owner or former owner acquired its Bond and ending on the earlier of (3) the payment date or (4) the date such former owner no longer was an owner of such Bond (the Taxable Period), and (B) the amount of interest actually paid to the owner or former owner during the Taxable Period, and (ii) an amount equal to any interest, penalties or charges owed by such owner or former owner as a result of interest on the 2017 Bonds becoming included in the gross income of such owner or former owner for federal income tax purposes.

Mandatory Redemption of Bonds Upon Failure of Completion

If either the Hall of Fame Project or the Southwest Infrastructure Project is not fully completed and placed in service on or before the Final Completion Date of December 16, 2023, installments of principal of the 2017 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in whole or in part at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the installments of the principal amount of each Bond redeemed plus accrued interest to but not including the Redemption Date. The principal amount of the 2017 Bonds required to be redeemed pursuant to this

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2017 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Mandatory Redemption of Bonds Upon Failure of Completion (Continued)

Section shall be equal to the lesser of: (i) as of the Final Completion Date, (A) the dollar amount of the Hall of Fame MEAP (as defined in the 2017 Indenture) of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds (if only the Hall of Fame Project is not fully completed and placed in service by the Final Completion Date) or (B) the dollar amount of the Southwest Infrastructure Percentage of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues (as defined in the Indenture) pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds (if only the Southwest Infrastructure Project is not fully completed and placed in service by the Final Completion Date) or (C) the dollar amount of both the Hall of Fame MEAP and the Southwest Infrastructure Percentage of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds (if neither the Hall of Fame Project nor the Southwest Infrastructure Project is fully completed and placed in service by the Final Completion Date) and dividing (A), (B) or (C), as applicable, by the total dollar amount of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds for both the Hall of Fame Project and the Southwest Infrastructure Project and multiplying such ratio by the aggregate principal amount of the 2017 Bonds outstanding as of the Redemption Date or (ii) the proceeds of the 2017 Bonds on deposit (D) in the Hall of Fame Project Fund (if only the Hall of Fame Project is not fully completed and placed in service by the Final Completion Date), (E) in the Southwest Infrastructure Project Fund (if only the Southwest Infrastructure Project is not fully completed and placed in service by the Final Completion Date) or (F) in both the Hall of Fame Project Fund and the Southwest Infrastructure Project Fund (if neither the Hall of Fame Project nor the Southwest Infrastructure Project is fully completed and placed in service by the Final Completion Date); provided that the principal amount of 2017 Bonds redeemed shall be in Authorized Denominations. Any redemption pursuant to this paragraph shall occur on any date not later than thirty days subsequent to the calculation.

<u>Mandatory Redemption of Bonds Upon Failure to Obtain Approval of Economic Development Commission (the EDC)</u>

If the United States Olympic Museum is required by Section 5B of Resolution No. 3 to obtain the express written approval from the Economic Development Commission (EDC Approval) for changes to the description of the Hall of Fame Project or the Southwest Infrastructure Project and has not obtained such EDC Approval as required by Resolution No. 3, installments of principal of the Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in part at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the installments of the principal amount of each Bond redeemed plus accrued interest to but not including the Redemption Date. The principal amount of the 2017 Bonds required to be redeemed shall be equal to the lesser of: (i) as of the Completion Date, (A) the dollar amount of the Hall of Fame MEAP of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds (if EDC Approval not obtained was only required to be obtained with respect to the Hall of Fame Project) or (B) the dollar amount of the Southwest Infrastructure Percentage of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds (if EDC Approval not

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2017 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Mandatory Redemption of Bonds Upon Failure to Obtain Approval of Economic Development Commission (the EDC) (Continued)

obtained was only required to be obtained with respect to the Southwest Infrastructure Project) or (C) the dollar amount of both the Hall of Fame MEAP and the Southwest Infrastructure Percentage of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds (if EDC Approval not obtained was required to be obtained with respect to both the Hall of Fame Project and the Southwest Infrastructure Project) and dividing (A), (B) or (C), as applicable, by the total dollar amount of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2017 Bonds for both the Hall of Fame Project and the Southwest Infrastructure Project and multiplying such ratio by the aggregate principal amount of the Bonds outstanding as of the Redemption Date or (ii) the proceeds of the 2017 Bonds on deposit (D) in the Hall of Fame Project Fund (if EDC Approval not obtained was only required to be obtained with respect to the Hall of Fame Project), (E) in the Southwest Infrastructure Project Fund (if EDC Approval not obtained was only required to be obtained with respect to the Southwest Infrastructure Project) or (F) in both the Hall of Fame Project Fund and the Southwest Infrastructure Project Fund (if EDC Approval not obtained was required to be obtained with respect to both the Hall of Fame Project and the Southwest Infrastructure Project); provided that the principal amount of 2017 Bonds redeemed shall be in Authorized Denominations. Resolution No. 3 means the resolution adopted by the EDC effective as of December 16, 2013 approving the City's application for a "Regional Tourism Project," as defined in the Regional Tourism Act, generally referred to as the "City for Champions" project. Any redemption pursuant to this paragraph shall occur on any date not later than thirty days subsequent to the calculation.

Events of Default

The following are Events of Default, which if not remedied, could allow the Trustee to enforce all rights of the holders of the 2017 Bonds and bring suit upon the 2017 Bonds:

- (a) The Authority fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of the Regional Tourism Act or Resolution No. 3 relating to the 2017 Bonds or the Project and such failure or refusal shall continue for a period of 30 days after written notice has been given to the Authority by the Trustee at the written request of the owners of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Bonds then outstanding;
- (b) Default in the performance or observance of any covenants, agreements or conditions on the part of the Authority in the 2017 Indenture or the 2017 Bonds and failure to remedy the same after notice pursuant to the 2017 Indenture;

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2017 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Events of Default (Continued)

(c) The Authority files a petition or answer seeking reorganization or arrangement under the United States Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable law of the United States of America, or if a court of competent jurisdiction approves a petition, filed with or without the consent of the Authority, seeking reorganization of the Authority under the United States Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable law of the United States, or if, under the provisions of any other law for the relief or aid of debtors, any court of competent jurisdiction assumes custody or control of the Authority, or of any of the Pledged Revenues and any such petition filed against the Authority or order or decree is not dismissed, stayed or otherwise nullified within sixty days after such action is taken.

The failure to pay the principal of or the interest on the 2017 Bonds when due or to cause the Bond Reserve Fund to be replenished shall not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default if the reason for such failure is an insufficiency of Pledged Revenues.

The 2017 Indenture shall not be construed to permit the Trustee, the owners of the 2017 Bonds or any other Person to declare the debt service requirements of the 2017 Bonds to be due and payable prior to their scheduled payment dates upon the occurrence of an Event of Default or for any other reason.

Series 2019 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds

On November 21, 2019, the Authority issued Tax Increment Revenue Bonds in the amount of \$12,400,000 (2019 Bonds). The 2019 Bonds were issued at the rate of 3.30% and are payable annually on February 1, beginning on February 1, 2020, through February 1, 2031. Installments of principal of the 2019 Bonds are redeemable at the option of the Authority, on or after February 1, 2024 for bonds maturing on or after February 1, 2025, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the installments of the principal amount redeemed plus accrued interest.

The 2019 Bonds were issued to finance a portion of the costs of the Switchbacks Stadium project, to fund the required reserve in the amount of \$1,240,000, and to pay for the expenses incurred in connection with the issuance of the bonds. The 2019 Bonds are secured by 15.33% of State sales tax increment revenue, which is comprised of 66.67% of the Colorado Sports and Event Complex project element, provided that in no event shall the total cumulate amount exceed \$18,472,650. If any principal or interest is not paid when due, interest on the unpaid amount shall be accrued and payable on the unpaid amount at the same interest rate the 2019 Bonds were issued.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

<u>Series 2019 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Continued)</u>

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal		Interest			st Tota		
2022	\$ 454,000		\$	371,976	-	\$	825,976	
2023	539,000			356,994			895,994	
2024	632,000			339,207			971,207	
2025	728,000			318,351			1,046,351	
2026	830,000			294,327			1,124,327	
2027-2031	 8,089,000	_		988,218	_		9,077,218	
Total	\$ 11,272,000		\$	2,669,073		\$	13,941,073	

Event of Taxability

If a Determination of Taxability occurs, the Authority agrees to pay, solely from the Trust Estate, to each holder or former holder on demand (i) an amount equal to the difference between (A) the amount of interest that would have been paid to such holder or former holder on its Bond if the 2019 Bonds had borne interest at the Taxable Rate beginning on the later of (1) Taxable Date or (2) the date such holder or former holder acquired its Bond and ending on the earlier of (3) the payment date or (4) the date such former holder no longer was an holder of such Bond (the Taxable Period), and (B) the amount of interest actually paid to the holder or former holder during the Taxable Period, and (ii) an amount equal to any interest, penalties or charges owed by such holder or former holder as a result of interest on the 2019 Bonds becoming included in the gross income of such holder or former holder for federal income tax purposes.

Mandatory Redemption of 2019 Bonds Upon Failure of Completion

If any of the Stadium Project, the Arena Project or the Southwest Infrastructure Project are not fully completed and placed in service on or before the Final Completion Date of December 16, 2023 (or such later date as may be specified by the Economic Development Commission (the EDC) pursuant to Resolution No. 3), installments of principal of the 2019 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in whole or in part at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the installments of the principal amount of each Bond redeemed plus accrued interest to but not including the Redemption Date (unless such redemption is not required by Resolution No. 3, as it may be amended). The principal amount of the 2019 Bonds required to be redeemed shall be equal to the lesser of: (i) as of the Final Completion Date, the dollar amount of the Stadium Percentage of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2019 Bonds or (ii) the proceeds of the 2019 Bonds on deposit in the Stadium Project Fund. The principal amount of 2019 Bonds redeemed shall be in Authorized Denominations. Resolution No. 3 means the resolution adopted by the EDC effective as of December 16, 2013 approving the City's application for a "Regional Tourism Project," as defined in the Regional Tourism Act, generally referred to as the "City for Champions" project, as amended, and as supplemented by the EDC Motion. Any redemption pursuant to this paragraph shall occur on any date not later than thirty days subsequent to the calculation.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2019 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Mandatory Redemption of 2019 Bonds Upon Failure to Obtain Approval of the EDC

If the Owner or Colorado College, as applicable, is required by Section 5B of Resolution No. 3 to obtain the express written approval from the EDC ("EDC Approval") for changes to the description of the Stadium Project or the Arena Project and has not obtained such EDC Approval as required by this Section, installments of principal of the 2019 Bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in part at a Redemption Price equal to 100% of the installments of the principal amount of each 2019 Bond redeemed plus accrued interest to but not including the Redemption Date. The principal amount of the 2019 Bonds required to be redeemed shall be equal to the lesser of: (i) as of the Completion Date, the dollar amount of the Stadium Percentage of the State Sales Tax Increment Revenues pledged to the payment of the 2019 Bonds or (ii) the proceeds of the 2019 Bonds on deposit in the Stadium Project Fund. The principal amount of 2019 Bonds redeemed shall be in Authorized Denominations. Any redemption pursuant to this paragraph shall occur on any date not later than thirty days subsequent to the calculation.

Events of Default

The following are Events of Default, which if not remedied, could allow the Trustee to enforce all rights of the holders of the 2019 Bonds and bring suit upon the 2019 Bonds:

- (d) The Authority fails or refuses to comply with the provisions of the Regional Tourism Act or Resolution No. 3 relating to the 2019 Bonds or the Stadium Project and such failure or refusal shall continue for a period of 30 days after written notice has been given to the Authority by the Trustee at the written request of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the 2019 Bonds then outstanding;
- (e) Default in the performance or observance of any covenants, agreements or conditions by the Authority set forth in the 2019 Indenture or the 2019 Bonds and failure to remedy the same after notice; or
- (f) The Authority files a petition or answer seeking reorganization or arrangement under the United States Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable law of the United States of America, or if a court of competent jurisdiction shall approve a petition, filed with or without the consent of the Authority, seeking reorganization of the Authority under the United States Bankruptcy Code or any other applicable law of the United States, or if, under the provisions of any other law for the relief or aid of debtors, any court of competent jurisdiction shall assume custody or control of the Authority, or of any of the Pledged Revenues and any such petition filed against the Authority or order or decree is not dismissed, stayed or otherwise nullified within sixty days after such action is taken.

The failure to pay the principal of or the interest on the 2019 Bonds when due or to cause the 2019 Bond Reserve Fund to be replenished shall not, in and of itself, constitute an Event of Default under the 2019 Indenture if the reason for such failure is an insufficiency of Pledged Revenues.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2019 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds (Continued)

Events of Default (Continued)

The 2019 Indenture shall not be construed to permit the Trustee, the Bondholders or any other Person to declare the debt service requirements of the 2019 Bonds to be due and payable prior to their scheduled payment dates upon the occurrence of an Event of Default or for any other reason.

Series 2020 Tax-Exempt Note

On June 23, 2020, the Authority entered into a loan agreement with Zions Bancorporation, N.A. DBA Vectra Bank Colorado (the Lender), in the amount of \$15,000,000. The agreement was amended by a First Amendment on April 27, 2021 to restate and modify Exhibit C of the original agreement. A Second Amendment was executed on September 23, 2021 to further define respective meanings of certain capitalized terms (Authority Administrative Fee, Pledged Revenue, and PILOT Revenue). The initial draw at issuance was \$1,456,818. The second, draw on December 31, 2020 was \$2,461,959. The third draw on September 28, 2021 was \$1,781,789. Principal and interest payments are due December 1, in varying amounts through December 1, 2036 with interest rates of 3.250% for the initial and second draws and 3.368% for the third draw. The loan is payable from Pledged Revenues from Property Tax TIF earnings.

The Authority is required to make prepayments on the loan. On each December 1, the Lender shall determine the amount credited to the Mandatory Prepayment Fund and, to the extent the amount therein is sufficient to prepay all or any part of the then-outstanding principal of the loan and any party debt in increments of \$5,000 or integral multiples thereof, plus the accrued interest thereon, such moneys shall be applied by the Lender to such prepayment beginning with the final principal payment due on December 1, 2036.

The Authority shall pay to the Lender a nonrefundable fee (the Non-Use Fee) in the amount of 0.20% of the unfunded portion of the loan. The Non-Use Fee is calculated quarterly, beginning September 1, 2020, computed on the basis of a 360-day year and actual days elapsed. The Non-Use Fee shall be payable in arrears on the first day of June and December each year, commencing on December 1, 2020, through and including the earlier of the full funding date or the exportation or termination of the advance period.

Principal and interest on the loan will mature as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 184,366	\$	174,348		\$ 358,714
2023	220,002		168,252		388,254
2024	247,617		161,380		408,997
2025	265,434		152,694		418,128
2026	285,028		143,841		428,869
2027-2031	1,854,489		557,286		2,411,775
2032-2036	 2,172,768		209,879		2,382,647
Total	\$ 5,229,704	\$	1,567,680		\$ 6,797,384

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2020 Tax-Exempt Note (Continued)

Events of Default

The occurrence of any one or more of the following events or conditions shall constitute an Event of Default under this loan agreement:

- (a) The Authority fails to apply pay the principal and interest or any other amount owed to the Custodian hereunder when due as required by this loan agreement.
- (b) The Authority fails to apply the Pledged Revenue as required by this agreement.
- (c) The Authority fails to observe or perform any of the covenants, agreements or conditions pursuant to the loan agreement.
- (d) The pledge of the collateral or any other security interest created in the agreements fails to the fully enforceable with the priority required thereunder.
- (e) The Authority's auditor delivers a qualified opinion with respect to the Authority's status as on on-going concern.

Series 2020 Tax-Exempt Refunding and Improvement Loan

The Authority entered into a senior tax increment revenue term loan agreement with U.S. Bank National Association (the Bank) on November 24, 2020 (the 2020 Senior Loan) in the principal amount of \$52,575,000. Proceeds of the 2020 Senior Loan were used to (i) refund, pay, and cancel the Series 2016A Senior Loan, the University Village Developers – Advanced Funds Note, and the University of Colorado, Colorado Springs, Loan; (ii) pay the 2016 Senior Swap Termination Payment to the 2016 Senior Swap Counterparty; (iii) fund the Loan Reserve Fund in the amount of the Loan Reserve Fund Requirement: and (iv) pay the costs of issuing the Series 2020 Senior Loan.

The 2020 Senior Loan bears interest at 2.05% per annum and is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on June 1, 2021. Interest on the 2020 Senior Loan is calculated on the basis of a 360-day year and actual number of days elapsed. The 2020 Senior Loan has a final maturity of December 1, 2030. To the extent principal on the 2020 Senior Loan is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid. To the extent interest on the 2020 Senior Loan is not paid when due, such interest shall compound semiannually on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the 2020 Senior Loan.

The 2020 Senior Loan is payable from and secured solely by Pledged Revenue which means: (a) the Incremental Tax Revenue, consisting of Incremental Property Tax Revenue and Incremental Sales Tax Revenue; and (b) any other legally available moneys which the Authority determines to credit to the Pledged Revenue Fund; provided that if Incremental Tax Revenue received in any Fiscal Year is in excess of the Annual Senior Payment Cap, such excess Incremental Tax Revenue may be used by the Authority for any lawful purpose. Incremental Property Tax Revenue means Property Tax Revenue in excess of an amount equal to the ad valorem property taxes produced by the levy at the rates fixed for such year by or for the governing bodies of the various taxing jurisdictions within or overlapping the Urban Renewal Area upon a valuation for assessment equal to the Property Tax Base Amount. Incremental Sales Tax Revenue means the Sales Tax Revenue in excess of the

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2020 Tax-Exempt Refunding and Improvement Loan (Continued)

Sales Tax Base Amount; provided, however, that the aggregate Incremental Sales Tax Revenue shall not exceed the Incremental Sales Tax Cap of \$98,800,000.

The 2020 Senior Loan is further secured by the Reserve Fund which was funded from proceeds of the 2020 Senior Loan in the amount of the Loan Reserve Fund Requirement of \$3,440,000.

Rate Increase Event

A Rate Increase Event occurs it the Authority fails to make payments of principal and interest when due, and other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financings.

Mandatory Prepayment

Not less than 30 days prior to each December 1 payment date, the Authority shall determine whether the sum of Pledged Revenue exceeds the minimum principal and interest payment due. If such excess exists, the Authority shall apply the excess amount to the prepayment of principal; provided that the sum of annual payment including the prepayment shall not exceed the Annual Senior Payment Cap as indicated in the loan agreement.

The minimum principal and interest for the 2020 Senior Loan are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest			Total
2022	\$ 3,200,000	\$	987,040	\$	4,187,040
2023	3,350,000		920,529		4,270,529
2024	3,515,000		853,231		4,368,231
2025	3,650,000		777,842		4,427,842
2026	3,775,000		701,977		4,476,977
2027-2030	29,998,714		2,000,974		31,999,688
Total	\$ 47,488,714	\$	6,241,593	\$	53,730,307

NOTE 6 NET POSITION

The Authority has net position consisting of two components - restricted and unrestricted.

Restricted net position include assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The Authority had restricted net position as of December 31, 2021, as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:		
Debt Service	\$	10,655,674
Capital Projects Fund Reserve		3,895,407
Total Restricted Net Position	\$	14,551,081

The Authority has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the Authority being responsible for the repayment of debt issued for public improvements, which have been conveyed to other governmental entities.

NOTE 7 FUND BALANCES

The specific purposes for each fund balance classification on the balance sheet are detailed in the table below:

	(General Fund	Debt Service Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid Amounts	\$	11,632	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,632
Restricted for:					
North Nevada Debt Service		-	5,294,891	-	5,294,891
Canyon Creek Debt Service		-	179,154	-	179,154
Vineyards Project Area		-	20,232	-	20,232
City Auditorium Project Area		-	-	98,948	98,948
City Gate Project Area		-	-	54,668	54,668
Southwest Downtown Project Area		-	-	115,576	115,576
South Nevada		-	-	79,942	79,942
City for Champions - Admin		-	-	90,011	90,011
US Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame		-	-	12,421,400	12,421,400
CSEC - Switchbacks Stadium		-	-	2,390,701	2,390,701
CSEC - Hockey Arena		-	-	12	12
UCCS Sports Medicine and					
Performance		-	-	21	21
US Air Force Academy Visitors Center		-	-	1,571,888	1,571,888
Southwest Infrastructure		-	-	46	46
Champions Flexible Sub-Account		-	-	1,884,295	1,884,295
		-	5,494,277	18,707,508	24,201,785
Assigned to:					
Operating Reserves		300,000	-	-	300,000
		300,000	-	-	300,000
Unassigned:					
General Government		340,678	 <u>-</u>	 _	 340,678
Total Fund Balances	\$	652,310	\$ 5,494,277	\$ 18,707,508	\$ 24,854,095

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS

North Nevada Redevelopment Agreement

On July 26, 2007, the Authority entered into a Redevelopment Agreement with University Village Developers, LLC (Developer) related to the North Nevada Avenue Corridor Urban Renewal Plan. The agreement was amended and restated on February 1, 2008. The purposes of this agreement are for financing, designing, constructing, or otherwise providing improvements. Pursuant to the agreement, the Developer agreed to construction a portion of the public improvements within the Plan. The Authority would issue bonds to finance its activities and undertakings and to apply the pledged property tax increment revenues and pledged sales tax increment revenues (Pledged Revenues) to payment of the bonds. The Authority would use the proceeds of the bonds to reimburse the Developer for eligible public improvement costs. In addition, an administrative fee in the amount of \$50,000 shall be retained annually by the Authority from Pledged Revenues.

Lexus Development Agreement

On March 24, 2021, the Authority entered into an Urban Renewal Agreement for Development of a Portion of the North Nevada Avenue Corridor Urban Renewal Area with TKA Properties, LLP, a Nebraska limited liability partnership (Developer). Pursuant to the agreement, the Developer intends to construct a Lexus dealership and certain public improvements within the North Nevada Avenue Corridor Urban Renewal Area. The Authority agreed to reimburse the eligible costs of such public improvements from available property tax increment revenues and sales tax increment revenues, provided that the available tax increment revenues are subordinate to the Authority's obligations on its senior loan relating to the North Nevada Avenue Corridor Urban Renewal Area.

Ivywild Cooperation Agreement

On January 24, 2012, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City of Colorado Springs (City) to promote redevelopment and assist with the financing of public improvements for the Ivywild Neighborhood Urban Renewal Plan (Plan). Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority shall work with the developer to obtain loans to finance eligible activities, operations, and duties to carry out the Plan. The pledged property tax increment revenues and pledged sales tax increment revenues (Pledged Revenues) shall be paid to the Authority and may be pledged for the loan repayment.

Furthermore, an administrative fee shall be retained annually by the Authority from Pledged Revenues in the amount of \$50,000 for the years 2012 through 2014 and \$5,000 thereafter.

Ivywild Redevelopment Agreement

On March 21, 2012, the Authority entered into a Development Agreement with Ivywild School, Inc. (Developer). The purposes of this agreement are to reduce, eliminate and prevent the spread of blight within the Plan, enhance the current sales tax base and property tax base of the Plan, provide the incentives necessary to induce the private redevelopment, and promote improved traffic, public transportation, and other public facilities. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority shall obtain a loan in the approximate amount of \$778,000, secured by Pledged Revenues. The Developer shall be responsible for the construction and provide to the Authority documentation for the costs of eligible public improvement, such costs shall be reimbursed using the loan proceeds.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Copper Ridge Redevelopment Agreement

On September 25, 2013, the Authority entered into an Urban Renewal Agreement for Redevelopment of Copper Ridge at Northgate Property (Agreement) with Copper Ridge Development, Inc. (Developer) and Copper Ridge Metropolitan District (District). The purposes of this agreement are to renew and improve the environment, enhance the current sales tax base and property tax base, effectively use undeveloped land and promote improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, and community facilities within the Project Area. In order to facilitate the funding by the District, the Authority agrees, to remit on a monthly basis, all District Property Tax Increment Revenues, to the extent the Authority receives the same from the County. The District agrees to use all District Property Tax Increment Revenues to fund costs related to the redevelopment of the Project Area, as described in further detail in the Cooperation Agreement.

Furthermore, an administrative fee in the amount of \$60,000, if not reimbursed from other sources, shall be retained annually by the Authority from District Property Tax Increment Revenues. This administrative fee will remain in effect until the earlier of the expiration of the Urban Renewal Plan in 2035 or the retirement of all obligations payable by the pledged revenues.

On February 27, 2019, the agreement was amended to extend the duration of the Urban Renewal Plan to 2044 and the administrative fee in the amount of \$30,000 shall be retained annually by the Authority for the years 2036 through 2044.

Copper Ridge Cooperation Agreement

On October 22, 2013, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City of Colorado Springs (City) and Copper Ridge Metropolitan District (District). The Authority and the City understand that the District will issue Bonds to fund for costs related to the extension of north Powers Blvd. from Highway 83 to Interstate 25. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority agrees to pledge Property Tax Increment Revenues and City Sales Tax Increment Revenues (Pledged Revenues) to the District, subject to funding of annual administrative fee as described in the Redevelopment Agreement. The District Bonds shall not constitute a debt, liability or obligation of any nature of the City or the Authority but shall be payable solely from Pledged Revenues. The agreement was amended on February 27, 2019 to extend the duration of the Urban Renewal Plan and reduce the annual administrative fee to be retained by the Authority during those extended years.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Colorado Springs City for Champions Project

Pursuant to the Resolution by the Colorado Economic Development Commission Concerning the Allocation of State sales Tax increment revenue for the Colorado Springs City for Champions project, executed on November 25, 2013, the Authority is receiving 13.08% of the state sales tax increment revenue that is dedicated to the City for Champions project, subject to an aggregate cap of \$120,500,000. The Authority agrees to pledge the following minimum proportions of the dedicated revenue to each Project Element: (1) U.S. Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame: 42%, (2) Colorado Sports & Event Complex: 23%, (3) U.C.C.S. Sports Medicine and Performance Center: 14%, (4) U.S. Air Force Academy Gateway Visitor Center: 5%, (5) Southwest Infrastructure: 10%, and (6) flexible Sub-Account: 6%.

The dedicated revenue shall be deposited in the Special Fund and must be further sub-divided into four Sub-Accounts based on set percentages. Funds from the first four Sub-Accounts must be used only to pay for Eligible Costs for the Specific Project Element associated with the Sub-Account, and can't be loaned or transferred to other Sub-Accounts. After the commencement of substantial work for the U.S. Olympic Museum and Hall of Fame has occurred, the Authority shall pledge or allocate the funds from the flexible Sub-Account to or among any Project Element, including eligible improvements to the Southwest Colorado Springs Downtown Infrastructure. However, not more than 6 percent of this 16 percent portion of Dedicated Revenue may be pledged or allocated to the U.S.A.F.A. Gateway Visitors Center.

The Authority shall submit written quarterly reports, detailing the progress on the Project, to the Colorado Economic Development Commission 30 calendar days after the end of each calendar quarter with the first report due January 31, 2015, with the final due date being in September in the year following the completion of the project.

In December 2018, a motion was adopted by the CEDC to declare the commencement of the UCCS Center and to expend \$16,870,000 by October 31, 2019, which eligible costs should be certified by December 31, 2019. During 2019, \$16,870,000 of eligible construction costs were submitted by UCCS to the Authority and were certified. The Authority shall reimburse UCCS for the costs certified as the 14% of dedicated revenue becomes available. As of December 31, 2021, the remaining balance to be reimbursed is \$12,489,997.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Gold Hill Mesa Commercial Cooperation Agreement

On December 16, 2015, the City approved a Cooperation Agreement between the Authority and the City to promote redevelopment and assist with financing of public improvements for the Gold Hill Mesa Commercial Urban Renewal Project. The Gold Hill Mesa Metropolitan District No. 3 (the District) has been formed for the purposes of assisting with financing of the public improvements. The Authority and the City understand that the District may issue Bonds to fund for costs related to the project.

Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority will work with the District and the Developer to issue financial instruments to finance eligible activities, operations, and duties to carry out the plan by means of tax allocation financing utilizing both Property Tax Increment Revenues and the City Sales Tax Increment Revenues (Pledged Revenues). The Pledged Revenues shall be paid to the Authority and may be pledged to the District. The District Bonds shall not constitute a debt, liability or obligation of any nature of the City or the Authority but shall be payable solely from Pledged Revenues.

South Nevada Cooperation Agreement

On December 16, 2015, the City approved a Cooperation Agreement between the Authority and the City to promote redevelopment and assist with financing of public improvements for the South Nevada Area Urban Renewal Project. Pursuant to the agreement, the Authority will work with owners and developers, metropolitan districts and other similar entities to issue financial instruments to finance eligible activities, operations, and duties to carry out the plan by means of tax allocation financing utilizing both Property Tax Increment Revenues and the City Sales Tax Increment Revenues (Pledged Revenues). The Pledged Revenues shall be paid to the Authority when collected and may be pledged to any developer or owner or any metropolitan district or other entity. The agreement was amended on November 23, 2021 to increase the amount of City Sales Tax Increment Revenues available for the project to the full 2% of the City general municipal sales tax.

South Nevada Development Agreements

On December 16, 2015, the Authority entered into the Urban Renewal Agreement for Development of the South Nevada Avenue Area (separately) with Ivywild Development I, LLC (Ivywild), SNA Development LLC (SNA), and EVC-HD South Nevada, LLC (EVC-HD) (collectively, the Developers). The purposes of this agreement are to develop and improve the environment, enhance the current sales tax base and property tax base, effectively use undeveloped land and promote improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, and community facilities within the project areas.

In order to facilitate the funding by the Developers, the Authority agrees to remit, Property Tax Increment Revenues received by the Authority, to the Developers' financing entity for public improvements. In addition, the Developers may submit payment requests to the Authority for reimbursable project costs with supporting documentation. The Authority shall reimburse the Developers based on the Sales Tax Increment Revenues received from the City, after the \$60,000 annual administrative fee is retained.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

South Nevada Development Agreements (Continued)

On January 27, 2016, the agreement with EVC-HD was amended to replace the preliminary list with a more detailed list of public improvements and reimbursement project costs. The agreement with Ivywild was amended and restated on June 21, 2018 to include the Canyon Creek Metropolitan District Nos. 2 and 3 (Canyon Districts) and pledge the allocated Property Tax Increment Revenues to the Authority's 2018 bonds in support of the Ivywild/Canyon Creek project. The agreement with SNA was amended on December 12, 2018 to provide updated target dates for redevelopment under ownership by Creekwalk LLC. A TIF Revenue Reimbursement Agreement was entered into on June 3, 2019, between SNA and the Creekwalk Marketplace Business Improvement District (Creekwalk District), to pledge the TIF Revenues allocated to SNA under the Development Agreement to the Creekwalk District's bonds. The agreement with SNA was amended on April 28, 2021 to provide an updated list of public improvements and reimbursement of project costs.

The Developers each have maximum reimbursement amounts of eligible public improvement costs as indicated in the table below. These maximum amounts are to be reimbursed from both the Authority and the Districts and they do not include eligible interest payments to be reimbursed at rates to be determined based upon the Developers' cost of financing.

	Maximum Reimbursement					Previous Payments	2021 Payment	December 31, 2021		
Ivywild Development I, LLC	\$	12,240,000	\$	6,565,815	\$	(1,769,544)	\$ (4,752,807)	\$	43,464	
SNA Development, LLC		58,524,272		375,967		(45,082)	-		330,885	
EVC-HD South Nevada, LLC		4,131,000		4,131,000		(601,516)	(213,108)		3,316,376	
	\$	74,895,272	\$	11,072,782	\$	(2,416,142)	\$ (4,965,915)	\$	3,690,725	

Museum and Park Cooperation Agreement

On December 11, 2018, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City related to the Museum and Park Urban Renewal Area. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Authority shall work with developers, metropolitan districts, business improvement districts and other similar entities to issue financial instruments to finance eligible activities, operations and duties to carry out the project by means of tax allocation financing utilizing Property Tax Increment Revenues and City Sales Tax Increment Revenues. Furthermore, the City Sales Tax Increment Revenues allocated to the Authority may be pledged to bond trustees, metropolitan districts, business improvement districts or other entities to pay for costs of or debt service on bonds issued for reimbursement of such eligible costs.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Tejon and Costilla Development Agreement

On May 22, 2019, the Authority entered into an Urban Renewal Agreement for Development of the Tejon and Costilla Urban Renewal Area with CS Dual Hotel, LLC (Developer). The purposes of this Agreement is to encourage and protect existing development on the property, renew and improve the character and environment of the Area, enhance the current sales tax base and property tax base of the Area, provide incentives necessary to induce private development and redevelopment of the Area, demolish and remove blighted structures from the Area, effectively use undeveloped land within the Area, encourage financially successful projects within the Property, stabilize and upgrade property values within the Area, accommodate and provide for the voluntary environmental cleanup of the Area, promote improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities within the Area and promote the participation of existing owners in the revitalization and development of the Property. The agreement was amended on May 26, 2021 to provide an updated schedule of performance by the Developer.

In order to facilitate the funding by the Developer, the Authority agrees to remit, Pledged Revenues received by the Authority from Sales Tax TIF and Property Tax TIF (TIF Revenues), to the Developer's financing entity for public improvements. In addition, the Developer may submit payment requests to the Authority for reimbursable project costs with supporting documentation. The Authority shall reimburse the Developer based on the Pledged Revenues received from the County and City, after the 3% total of annual TIF Revenues annual administrative fee is retained. The Developer agrees to fund the annual administrative fee until such time as the TIF Revenues are annually in excess of an amount required to fund an authority administrative fee in the amount of \$30,000.

City Auditorium Block Development Agreement

On June 26, 2019, the Authority entered into an Urban Renewal Agreement for the Development of the City Auditorium Block with A&A Enterprise of Colorado Springs, Inc. (Developer). The purposes of this Agreement are to encourage and protect existing development on the property, renew and improve the character and environment of the Area, enhance the current sales tax base and property tax base of the Area, provide incentives necessary to induce private development and redevelopment of the Area, demolish and remove blighted structures from the Area, effectively use undeveloped land within the Area, encourage financially successful projects within the Property, stabilize and upgrade property values within the Area, accommodate and provide for the voluntary environmental cleanup of the Area, promote improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities within the Area and promote the participation of existing owners in the revitalization and development of the Property.

In order to facilitate the funding by the Developer, the Authority agrees to remit, Property Tax Increment Revenues received by the Authority, to the Developer's financing entity for public improvements. In addition, the Developer may submit payment requests to the Authority for reimbursable project costs with supporting documentation. The Authority shall reimburse the Developer based on the Property Tax Increment Funding received from the County, after the \$30,000 annual administrative fee is retained.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

True North Commons Cooperation Agreement

On July 9, 2019, the Authority entered into a Cooperation Agreement with the City related to the True North Commons Urban Renewal Area. Pursuant to the Agreement, the Authority shall work with developers, metropolitan districts, business improvement districts and other similar entities to issue financial instruments to finance eligible activities, operations and duties to carry out the project by means of tax allocation financing utilizing Property Tax Increment Revenues and City Sales Tax Increment Revenues. Furthermore, the City Sales Tax Increment Revenues allocated to the Authority may be pledged to bond trustees, metropolitan districts, business improvement districts or other entities to pay for costs of or debt service on bonds issued for reimbursement of such eligible costs.

Sports & Event Complex Reimbursement Agreement

On November 21, 2019, the Authority entered into a Reimbursement Agreement with the Colorado College (Developer) and the Colorado Springs Sports Authority (CSSA) to authorize the Authority, as the financing entity, to receive and utilize state sales tax increment revenue dedicated for the Sports & Event Complex (23%), which is being developed with two components consisting of the Outdoor Stadium and the Indoor Venue.

The City and the CSSA have entered into a Memorandum of Understanding dated November 20, 2019 whereby the City agreed to allocate two-thirds (66.67%) of the 23% to the Outdoor Stadium and one-third (33.33%) of the 23% to the Indoor Venue. On November 21, 2019, the Authority issued Series 2019 Bonds in the amount of \$12,400,000, the proceeds of which were utilized to fund the Outdoor Stadium. The Authority has agreed to reimburse the Developer for eligible costs paid by the Developer from the dedicated revenue allocated to the Indoor Venue.

During 2020, \$9,242,350 of eligible construction costs were submitted by the Developer for the Indoor Venue (the Robson Arena) and were certified before the year ended. The Authority shall reimburse the Developer for the costs certified as the 7.67% (or 33% of 23%) of dedicated revenue becomes available. As of December 31, 2021, the remaining balance to be reimbursed is \$6,832,502.

Museum and Park Development Agreement

On January 29, 2020, the Authority entered into an Urban Renewal Agreement for Development of the Museum and Park Urban Renewal Area with Interurban Development Company, LLC (Developer), and SW Downtown Business Improvement District (BID). The purposes of this Agreement is to encourage and protect existing development on the property, renew and improve the character and environment of the Area, enhance the current sales tax base and property tax base of the Area, provide incentives necessary to induce private development and redevelopment of the Area, demolish and remove blighted structures from the Area, effectively use undeveloped land within the Area, encourage financially successful projects within the Property, stabilize and upgrade property values within the Area, accommodate and provide for the voluntary environmental cleanup of the Area, promote improved traffic, public transportation, public utilities, recreational and community facilities within the Area and promote the participation of existing owners in the revitalization and development of the Property.

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Museum and Park Development Agreement (Continued)

In order to facilitate the funding by the Developer, the Authority agrees to remit, Pledged Revenues received by the Authority from Sales Tax TIF and Property Tax TIF, to the Developer's financing entity for public improvements. In addition, the Developer may submit payment requests to the Authority for reimbursable project costs with supporting documentation. The Authority shall reimburse the Developer based on the Pledged Revenues received from the County and City, after the Authority collects an Authority Administrative Fee from annual TIF Revenue.

The Authority Administrative Fee will be \$60,000 commencing in year 2020, escalating at a rate of 2% annually in each subsequent year. The Developer agrees to fund the annual administrative fee until such time as the TIF Revenue is annually in excess of an amount required to fund an authority administrative fee. Any Authority Administrative Fee paid by the Developer shall be a Reimbursable Project Cost and bear interest at a rate of 8% annually. Additionally, the Developer agrees to fund and maintain on retainer with the Authority an amount equal to \$15,000 to be used by the Authority to pay extraordinary direct expenses of the Authority relating to the Developer's project.

Vineyard Redevelopment Agreement

On September 5, 2012, the Authority entered into a Redevelopment and Reimbursement Agreement with Vineyard LLC (the Developer) to carry out the approved urban renewal plan. The agreement was amended on June 23, 2020. The agreement contemplates that the Developer will develop the property by constructing private improvements. Eligible public improvements are to be constructed in phases and reimbursed from TIF revenues. Pursuant to the agreement, the Developer may provide financing for eligible costs on public improvements. Such Developer advances bear interest at the rate of 8% per annum, accruing from the date advanced and compounded annually on the unpaid balance until paid. The agreement was amended on September 23, 2021 to temporarily subordinate the collection of the administrative fee to the pledge of revenue to the loan with Vectra Bank and update the schedule of performance by the Developer for the next phase of the project.

The Authority shall retain \$60,000 for administrative fee annually from the collection of TIF revenues. The Developer shall advance \$60,000 to the Authority for use as the first annual administrative fee.

According to the agreement, the Developer has a maximum reimbursement amount of eligible public improvement costs as indicated in the table below. This amount does not include eligible interest payments to be reimbursed.

						Accrued				Balance
		Maximum	A	ctual Costs		Interest	Previous	2021	De	cember 31,
	Re	imbursement		Submitted	1	2/31/2021	 Payments	Payment		2021
Vineyard LLC	\$	54,220,000	\$	6,006,464	\$	4,033,786	\$ (4,382,344)	\$ (2,022,588)	\$	3,635,318
	\$	54,220,000	\$	6,006,464	\$	4,033,786	\$ (4,382,344)	\$ (2,022,588)	\$	3,635,318

NOTE 8 AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

True North Commons Pledge Agreement

On February 12, 2020, the Authority and the USAFA Visitor's Center Business Improvement District (the BID) entered into a Pledge Agreement relating to the issuance of bonds by the BID in support of the project. The agreement was amended and restated on August 1, 2021 in its entirety. Pursuant to the amended and restated agreement, the BID shall construct the USAFA Visitor's Center and issue bonds to finance the costs of this project. The Authority shall pay the dedicated State sales tax increment revenues, consisting portions allocated to the USAFA Visitor's Center and the Flexible Sub-Account (in accordance with EDC Resolution No. 3), to the BID on and after the date of issuance of the bonds.

True North Commons Development Agreement

On October 13, 2019, the Authority entered into an Urban Renewal Agreement for Development of the True North Commons Urban Renewal Area with Blue & Silver Development Partners, LLC (Developer). The agreement was amended and restated on August 1, 2021. The Developer has been selected by the United States Air Force Academy (USAFA) as the developer of the USAFA Visitor's Center project (one of the project elements as defined in the EDC Resolution No. 3). As the project area is entirely included within the boundaries of the BID, the Developer has entered into a Sublease Agreement with the BID for the construction of the project. The Authority, the Developer and the BID have agreed to cooperate in plan of finance whereby the BID shall issue bonds and the Authority shall remit pledged revenues, pursuant to the Cooperation Agreement and the Pledge Agreement, for the repayment of the bonds.

Commencing in the calendar year 2020, the Authority shall retain \$60,000 for administrative fee annually from the collection of TIF revenues. This annual fee escalates at a rate of 2% annually in each subsequent year. On the date of the BID's bond issuance, the BID will pay the Authority administrative fees owed for 2020 through 2023. Subsequent to 2023, if TIF revenues are less than the annual administrative fee due, the Developer shall pay the remainder to the Authority.

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God. The Authority maintains commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years, nor have any claims been submitted.

NOTE 10 TAX, SPENDING AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

In 2002, the Colorado Court of Appeals determined that TABOR does not apply to urban renewal authorities such as the Authority. The application of TABOR to the City, however, could impact the amount of Sales Tax Revenues received by the Authority, and the application of TABOR to the School District and other local governments which overlap the Urban Renewal Area could impact the amount of Property Tax Revenues received by the Authority.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE FUND NORTH NEVADA PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES	. =				(00.004)	
Incremental Property Taxes	\$ 1,701,038	\$	1,667,654	\$	(33,384)	
Incremental Sales Taxes	4,156,000		5,112,808		956,808	
Net Investment Income	 40,000		7,111		(32,889)	
Total Revenues	5,897,038		6,787,573		890,535	
EXPENDITURES						
Debt Service:						
County Treasurer's Fees	25,516		25,795		(279)	
Loan Interest - NN 2020 Loan	1,082,022		1,113,714		(31,692)	
Loan Principal - NN 2020 Loan	5,115,000		5,086,286		28,714	
Administration Fees	50,000		50,000		-	
Paying Agent Fees	5,500		2,750		2,750	
Sales Tax Collection Fee	600		617		(17)	
Contingency	71,362		-		71,362	
Total Expenditures	6,350,000		6,279,162		70,838	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(452,962)	508,411		961,373		
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	5,988,630		4,786,480		(1,202,150)	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,535,668	\$ 5,294,891		\$	(240,777)	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE FUND IVYWILD NEIGHBORHOOD PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

							ce with Budget
	Budget Ar	nount	S		Actual	Pos	itive
	Original		Final	Δ	Amounts	(Neg	ative)
REVENUES	-						
Incremental Property Taxes	\$ 113,286	\$	113,530	\$	113,530	\$	-
Net Investment Income	-		1,669		1,669		-
Total Revenues	113,286		115,199		115,199		-
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service:							
County Treasurer's Fees	1,699		1,728		1,728		-
Administration Fees	5,000		5,000		5,000		-
Loan Payment - Ivywild	106,587		108,471		108,471		-
Total Expenditures	113,286		115,199		115,199		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-		-		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	-				-		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$		\$	_	\$	_

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE FUND CANYON CREEK PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budget	: Amo	unts	Actual	Fina	ince with I Budget ositive
	0	riginal		Final	Amounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES							
Canyon Creek MD No. 2 pledged revenue	\$	26,485	\$	27,918	\$ 27,918	\$	-
Canyon Creek MD No. 3 pledged revenue		30,387		31,036	31,036		-
Incremental Property Taxes		24,362		31,926	31,926		-
Net Investment Income		40,000		1,017	1,017		-
Total Revenues		121,234		91,897	91,897		-
EXPENDITURES							
Debt Service:							
Bond Administration Fees		11,848		11,848	11,848		_
Bond Interest - Series 2018A		421,188		421,188	421,188		-
Bond Interest - Series 2018B		-		17,658	17,658		_
Bond Principal - Series 2018A		110,000		110,000	110,000		-
Bond Principal - Series 2018B		-		70,000	70,000		-
Project Cost Reimbursement	4	,062,812		4,712,298	4,712,298		_
Paying Agent Fees		6,000		6,000	6,000		-
Total Expenditures	4	,611,848		5,348,992	5,348,992		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4	,490,614)		(5,257,095)	(5,257,095)		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	5	5,434,332		5,436,249	 5,436,249		_
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	943,718	\$	179,154	\$ 179,154	\$	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY DEBT SERVICE FUND VINEYARD PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget .	Amoı		Actual	Fina Po	ance with Il Budget ositive
	 Original		Final	 Amounts	(N∈	egative)
REVENUES						
Incremental Property Taxes	\$ 625,040	\$	644,263	\$ 644,263	\$	-
Net Investment Income	 1,500		1,000	2		(998)
Total Revenues	626,540		645,263	644,265		(998)
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Projects:						
County Treasurer's Fees	9,376		9,664	9,664		-
Administration Fees	60,000		60,000	60,000		-
Vineyard 2020 Bond Principal	137,158		427,157	427,157		-
Vineyard 2020 Bond Interest	121,243		131,686	131,686		-
Contingency	42,223		30,944	25,247		5,697
Total Expenditures	370,000		659,451	653,754		5,697
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfer to Vineyards Capital Projects Fund	_		(255,549)	(255,549)		_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(255,549)	(255,549)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	256,540		(269,737)	(265,038)		4,699
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 382,303		285,270	 285,270		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 638,843	\$	15,533	\$ 20,232	\$	4,699

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND VINEYARD PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bu Origin		Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES					
Total Revenues	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENDITURES Capital Projects:					
Loan Issuance Costs - Series 2020		-	14,750	14,750	-
Project Cost Reimbursement			2,022,588	2,022,588	
Total Expenditures		-	2,037,338	2,037,338	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	(2,037,338)	(2,037,338)	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan Issuance - Series 2020 Transfers from Vineyard Debt Service Fund Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		- - -	1,781,789 255,549 2,037,338	1,781,789 255,549 2,037,338	- - -
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		-	-	-	-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year					
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND GOLD HILL MESA PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	а	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	_			_	()	
Incremental Property Taxes	\$	1,636,591	\$ 1,561,389	\$	(75,202)	
Net Investment Income		200	 1,464		1,264	
Total Revenues		1,636,791	1,562,853		(73,938)	
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Projects:						
County Treasurer's Fees		24,549	23,443		1,106	
TIF Reimbursement		1,539,333	1,466,629		72,704	
TIF Reimbursement - School District 11		72,909	 72,781		128	
Total Expenditures		1,636,791	1,562,853		73,938	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-	-		-	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year						
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$ 	\$		

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND CITY AUDITORIUM PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget			Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	_		_				
Incremental Property Taxes	\$	42,515	\$	42,649	\$	134	
Net Investment Income		300		31		(269)	
Total Revenues		42,815		42,680		(135)	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects:							
County Treasurer's Fees		638		640	(2)		
Administration Fees		10,000		10,000		-	
Contingency		101,680		-		101,680	
Total Expenditures		112,318		10,640		101,678	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(69,503)		32,040		101,543	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		69,503		66,908		(2,595)	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	98,948	\$	98,948	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND CITY GATE PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Actual Budget Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES	•					100	
Incremental Property Taxes	\$	30,500	\$	30,600	\$	100	
Net Investment Income		100		15		(85)	
Total Revenues		30,600		30,615		15	
EXPENDITURES Capital Projects: County Treasurer's Fees Administration Fees Contingency Total Expenditures		458 10,000 54,668 65,126		459 10,000 - 10,459		(1) - 54,668 54,667	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(34,526)		20,156		54,682	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		34,526		34,512		(14)	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	_	\$	54,668	\$	54,668	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COPPER RIDGE PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

								nce with	
		Budget	۸mo	unte		Actual	Final Budget Positive		
		Original	AIIIO	Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
REVENUES	_	Original		Tillai		7111041110	(110	gativoj	
Incremental Property Taxes	\$	2,672,967	\$	2,674,174	\$	2,674,174	\$	_	
Incremental Sales Taxes		1,478,000	•	1,488,771	•	1,488,771	*	_	
Net Investment Income		-		10,101		10,101		-	
Total Revenues		4,150,967		4,173,046		4,173,046		-	
EXPENDITURES									
Capital Projects									
County Treasurer's Fees		40,095		40,351		40,351		-	
Administration Fees		60,000		60,000		60,000		-	
Reimbursement - District		4,049,872		4,072,080		4,072,080		-	
Sales Tax Collection Fee		1,000		615		615		-	
Total Expenditures		4,150,967		4,173,046		4,173,046			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year									
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$		\$		\$		

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SOUTHWEST DOWNTOWN PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	a	Original nd Final Budget	Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Incremental Property Taxes	\$	24,682	\$ 24,617	\$	(65)	
Net Investment Income Total Revenues		25,282	24,666		(551) (616)	
EXPENDITURES Capital Projects:						
County Treasurer's Fees		370	370		-	
Contingency		116,245			116,245	
Total Expenditures		116,615	 370		116,245	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(91,333)	24,296		115,629	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		91,333	91,280		(53)	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$ 115,576	\$	115,576	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SOUTH NEVADA PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	а	Original nd Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES		Daagot		unounto		ogavoj	
Incremental Property Taxes	\$	70,466	\$	63,956	\$	(6,510)	
Incremental Sales Taxes		247,000		265,029		18,029	
Net Investment Income		500		424		(76)	
Total Revenues		317,966		329,409		11,443	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects:							
County Treasurer's Fees		1,057		1,444		(387)	
Administration Fees		60,000		60,000		-	
Sales Tax Collection Fee		200		155		45	
Project Cost Reimbursement		256,709		253,617		3,092	
Total Expenditures		317,966		315,216		2,750	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		14,193		14,193	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				65,749		65,749	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	79,942	\$	79,942	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS

CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND – ADMIN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget <i>I</i>	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Ne	(Negative)	
REVENUES Incremental Sales Taxes Net Investment Income	\$ 4,076,000	\$ 7,820,000 100	\$ 7,818,571 38	\$	(1,429) (62)	
Total Revenues	4,076,000	7,820,100	7,818,609		(1,491)	
EXPENDITURES General:	25.000	7.000	0.477		005	
Accounting	25,000	7,000	6,175		825	
Administrative Expenditures	13,500	35,000	32,622		2,378	
Audit Insurance	5,000 20,000	5,000	3,431		1,569	
Legal - Projects	35,000 35,000	3,000	- 1,637		1,363	
Project Management	5,000	3,000	1,037		1,303	
Total Expenditures	103,500	50,000	43,865		6,135	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	3,972,500	7,770,100	7,774,744		4,644	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers Out - Project Elements Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,973,000)	<u>(7,763,572)</u> <u>(7,763,572)</u>	<u>(7,763,572)</u> <u>(7,763,572)</u>		<u>-</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(500)	6,528	11,172		4,644	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	100,632	78,839	78,839			
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 100,132	\$ 85,367	\$ 90,011	\$	4,644	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS – CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND U.S. OLYMPIC MUSEUM AND HALL OF FAME PROJECT AREA – 42% SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Original And Final Actual Budget Amounts				riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES Net Investment Income	\$ 25,000			\$ 3,855		(21,145)
Total Revenues	_Ψ	25,000	Ψ	3,855	\$	(21,145)
EXPENDITURES Debt Service: Bond Interest		1,272,060		1,272,060		-
Bond Principal		800,000		800,000		-
Paying Agent Fees		6,000		6,000		-
Capital Projects: Accounting Administrative Expenditures Legal - Projects Project Management Total Expenditures		10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 2,118,060		2,078,060		10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 40,000
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(2,093,060)		(2,074,205)		18,855
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfer from Southwest Infrastr. Fund Transfers In - Sales Tax Allocation Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,065,960 2,065,960		20,869 4,037,057 4,057,926		20,869 1,971,097 1,991,966
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(27,100)		1,983,721		2,010,821
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		10,225,655		10,437,679		212,024
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	10,198,555	\$	12,421,400	\$	2,222,845

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS – CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND UCCS SPORTS MEDICINE AND PERFORMANCE PROJECT AREA – 14% SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

							nce with Budget
	Budget A	١om	unts		Actual	Po	sitive
	Original		Final		Amounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES			_		_		
Net Investment Income	\$ -	\$	24	\$	24	\$	-
Total Revenues	-		24		24		-
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects:							
Project Cost Reimbursement	 556,220		1,086,909		1,086,909		
Total Expenditures	556,220		1,086,909		1,086,909		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	(556,220)		(1,086,885)		(1,086,885)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In - Sales Tax Allocation	556,220		1,086,900		1,086,900		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	556,220		1,086,900		1,086,900		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		15		15		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 		6		6		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 	\$	21	\$	21	\$	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS – CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND U.S. AIR FORCE ACADEMY VISITORS CENTER PROJECT AREA – 5% SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES	F 000	Ф 570	ф (4.420)
Net Investment Income Total Revenues	5,000 5,000	\$ 570 570	\$ (4,430) (4,430)
Total Nevertues	5,000	570	(4,430)
EXPENDITURES Conital Projects:			
Capital Projects: Accounting	10,000		10,000
Administration Fees	10,000	_	10,000
Legal - Projects	10,000	_	10,000
Project Management	1,000	_	1,000
Contingency	1,337,568	_	1,337,568
Total Expenditures	1,368,568		1,358,568
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,363,568)	570	1,364,138
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In - Sales Tax Allocation	198,650	388,179	189,529
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	198,650	388,179	189,529
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,164,918)	388,749	1,553,667
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	1,164,918	1,183,139	18,221
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ 1,571,888	\$ 1,571,888

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS – CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND SOUTHWEST INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT AREA– 10% SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budget A	Amoui	_	-	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original Final				Ar	nounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES	_		_	_	_		_	
Net Investment Income	\$		\$	9	\$	9		
Total Revenues		-		9		9		-
EXPENDITURES								
Total Expenditures						-		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		-		9		9		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfer to USOM				(20,869)		(20,869)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(20,869)		(20,869)		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		(20,860)		(20,860)		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				20,906		20,906	-	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	46	\$	46_	\$	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS – CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND CHAMPIONS FLEXIBLE SUB-ACCOUNT – 6% SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	_					iance with	
		riginal			Final Budget		
	ar	nd Final		Actual	Positive		
		Budget	Amounts		<u>(</u> N	legative)	
REVENUES							
Net Investment Income	\$	6,000	\$	682	\$	(5,318)	
Total Revenues		6,000		682		(5,318)	
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects:							
Contingency	1	1,639,930		-		1,639,930	
Total Expenditures		1,639,930		-		1,639,930	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES	(1	1,633,930)		682		1,634,612	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In - Sales Tax Allocation		238,380		465,814		227,434	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		238,380		465,814		227,434	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1	1,395,550)		466,496		1,862,046	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		1,395,550		1,417,799		22,249	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	1,884,295	\$	1,884,295	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS – CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND SWITCHBACKS STADIUM - 66.67% OF 23% SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

						nce with I Budget
	Budget /	Amoι	unts	Actual	Po	ositive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES						
Stadium Contribution	\$ 2,500,000	\$	4,190,354	\$ 4,190,354	\$	-
Net Investment Income	50,000		970	970		-
Total Revenues	2,550,000		4,191,324	4,191,324		-
EXPENDITURES						
Capital Projects:						
Paying Agent Fees	-		5,000	5,000		-
Bond Interest	387,354		387,354	387,354		-
Bond Principal	466,000		466,000	466,000		-
Capital Outlay	 5,000,000		5,584,087	 5,584,087		
Total Expenditures	5,853,354		6,442,441	6,442,441		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	(3,303,354)		(2,251,117)	(2,251,117)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In - Sales Tax Allocation	609,224		1,190,474	1,190,474		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	609,224		1,190,474	1,190,474		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,694,130)		(1,060,643)	(1,060,643)		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 8,494,784		3,451,344	 3,451,344		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 5,800,654	\$	2,390,701	\$ 2,390,701	\$	

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CAPITAL PROJECTS – CITY FOR CHAMPIONS FUND HOCKEY ARENA - 33.33% OF 23%

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

							nce with Budget
		Budget /	Amou	nts	Actual		sitive
		Original		Final	Amounts	(Ne	gative)
REVENUES	-						
Net Investment Income	\$	5,000	\$	13	\$ 13	\$	
Total Revenues		5,000		13	13		-
EXPENDITURES							
Capital Projects:							
Project Cost Reimbursement		309,566		595,152	 595,152		
Total Expenditures		309,566		595,152	595,152		-
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)							
EXPENDITURES		(304,566)		(595,139)	(595,139)		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers In - Sales Tax Allocation		304,566		595,148	595,148		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		304,566		595,148	 595,148		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		9	9		-
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				3	 3		
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$		\$	12	\$ 12	\$	

OTHER INFORMATION

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2021

United States Olympic Museum Project \$15,000,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2017A Dated April 12, 2017 Interest Rate 3.33%

Interest Rate 3.33%
Principal Due September 1
Interest Payable September 1

United States Olympic Museum Project \$14,000,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2017B Dated April 12, 2017 Interest Rate 3.33% Principal Due September 1 Interest Pavable September 1

		interest Payab	ie Septen	nber i	interest Payable September 1						
Year Ended December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal	Interest				
2022	\$	400,000	\$	479,520	\$	300,000	\$	446,220			
2023	*	500,000	Ψ	466,200	Ψ	500,000	Ψ	436,230			
2024		600,000		449,550		600,000		419,580			
2025		700,000		429,570		700,000		399,600			
2026		800,000		406,260		800,000		376,290			
2027		11,400,000		379,620		10,500,000		349,650			
2028		- 11,100,000		-		-		-			
2029		_		_		_		_			
2030		_		_		_		_			
2031		_		_		_		_			
2032		_		_		_		_			
2033		_		_		_		_			
2034		_		_		_					
2035						_					
2036		_		_		-					
2037		_		_		_					
2038						_					
2039		_		_		-		_			
2040		-		-		-		-			
2040		-		-		-		-			
2041		-		-		-		-			
2042		-		-		-		-			
2044		-		-		-		-			
2044		-		-		-		-			
		-		-		-		-			
2046		-		-		-		-			
2047						<u> </u>					
Total	\$	14,400,000	\$	2,610,720	\$	13,400,000	\$	2,427,570			

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

United States Olympic Museum Project \$10,000,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2017C

Dated April 12, 2017 Interest Rate 3.33% Principal Due September 1 Canyon Creek Project Area \$7,325,000 Senior Special Revenue Bonds Series 2018A Dated June 21, 2018 Interest Rate 5.75%

Principal Due December 1

	Interest Payab	le Septem	ber 1	Interest Payable June 1 and December 1						
Year Ended December 31,	Principal		Interest	Principal			Interest			
2022	\$ 300,000	\$	319,680	\$	125,000	\$	414,863			
2023	400,000		309,690		135,000		407,675			
2024	400,000		296,370		155,000		399,913			
2025	500,000		283,050		160,000		391,000			
2026	600,000		266,400		180,000		381,800			
2027	7,400,000		246,420		195,000		371,450			
2028	-		-		215,000		360,238			
2029	-		-		225,000		347,875			
2030	-		-		250,000		334,938			
2031	-		-		265,000		320,563			
2032	-		-		295,000		305,325			
2033	-		-		310,000		288,363			
2034	-		-		340,000		270,538			
2035	-		-		360,000		250,988			
2036	-		-		395,000		230,288			
2037	-		-		415,000		207,575			
2038	-		-		450,000		183,713			
2039	-		-		480,000		157,838			
2040	-		-		520,000		130,238			
2041	-		-		125,000		100,338			
2042	-		-		140,000		93,150			
2043	-		-		145,000		85,100			
2044	-		-		160,000		76,763			
2045	-		-		165,000		67,563			
2046	-		-		180,000		58,075			
2047	-		-		830,000		47,725			
	\$ 9,600,000	\$	1,721,610	\$	7,215,000	\$	6,283,888			

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

Switchbacks Stadium Project \$12,400,000 Tax Increment Revenue Bonds Series 2019 Dated November 21, 2019 Interest Rate 3.300% Principal Due February 1

\$15,000,000 Tax Exempt Note Series 2020 Dated June 23, 2020 Interest Rate 3.250% Principal Due December 1 Interest Payable December 1

Vineyard Project

	Interest Paya	•	Interest Payable December 1						
Year Ended December 31,	 Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest				
<u> </u>	 	 							
2022	\$ 454,000	\$ 371,976	\$	184,366	\$	174,348			
2023	539,000	356,994		220,002		168,252			
2024	632,000	339,207		247,617		161,380			
2025	728,000	318,351		265,434		152,694			
2026	830,000	294,327		285,028		143,841			
2027	936,000	266,937		304,623		134,343			
2028	1,047,000	236,049		359,852		124,538			
2029	1,164,000	201,498		377,670		112,191			
2030	1,286,000	163,086		387,466		99,576			
2031	3,656,000	120,648		424,878		86,638			
2032	-	-		434,675		72,644			
2033	-	-		454,269		57,931			
2034	-	-		483,660		42,770			
2035	-	-		503,253		26,641			
2036	-	-		296,911		9,893			
2037	-	-		-		-			
2038	-	-		-		-			
2039	-	-		-		-			
2040	-	-		-		-			
2041	-	-		-		-			
2042	-	-		-		-			
2043	-	-		-		-			
2044	-	-		-		-			
2045	-	-		-		-			
2046	-	-		-		-			
2047	-	-		-		-			
	\$ 11,272,000	\$ 2,669,073	\$	5,229,704	\$	1,567,680			

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY (CONTINUED) DECEMBER 31, 2021

North Nevada Project \$52,575,000 Tax-Exempt Refunding and Improvement Loan Series 2020 Dated November 24, 2020 Interest Rate 2.050%

Principal Due December 1

	Ir	nterest Payable Jur	ne 1 and D	ecember 1	Total All Bonds					
Year Ended December 31,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$	3,200,000	\$	987,040	\$	4,963,366	\$	3,193,647	\$	8,157,013
2023		3,350,000		920,529		5,644,002		3,065,570		8,709,572
2024		3,515,000		853,231		6,149,617		2,919,231		9,068,848
2025		3,650,000		777,842		6,703,434		2,752,107		9,455,541
2026		3,775,000		701,977		7,270,028		2,570,895		9,840,923
2027		3,890,000		623,515		34,625,623		2,371,935		36,997,558
2028		4,000,000		544,149		5,621,852		1,264,974		6,886,826
2029		4,125,000		459,523		5,891,670		1,121,087		7,012,757
2030		17,983,714		373,787		19,907,180		971,387		20,878,567
2031		-		-		4,345,878		527,849		4,873,727
2032		-		-		729,675		377,969		1,107,644
2033		-		-		764,269		346,294		1,110,563
2034		-		-		823,660		313,308		1,136,968
2035		-		-		863,253		277,629		1,140,882
2036		-		-		691,911		240,181		932,092
2037		-		-		415,000		207,575		622,575
2038		-		-		450,000		183,713		633,713
2039		-		-		480,000		157,838		637,838
2040		-		-		520,000		130,238		650,238
2041		-		-		125,000		100,338		225,338
2042		-		-		140,000		93,150		233,150
2043		-		-		145,000		85,100		230,100
2044		-		-		160,000		76,763		236,763
2045		-		-		165,000		67,563		232,563
2046		-		-		180,000		58,075		238,075
2047		-		-		830,000		47,725		877,725
	\$	47,488,714	\$	6,241,593	\$	108,605,418	\$	23,522,134	\$	132,127,552

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY NORTH NEVADA URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy

	Culterit real rioperty rax Levy												
		Total		Less:		Net	Combined	Total Inc	ental	Percentage			
Year Ended		Assessed		Base		Increment	Mills	Propert	xes	Collected			
December 31,	_	Valuation		Valuation	_	Valuation	Levied	Levied		Collected	to Levied		
2017	\$	30,834,817	\$	5,180,790	\$	25,654,027	57.973	\$ 1,487,241	\$	1,475,234	99.19 %		
2018		37,708,803		5,537,470		32,171,333	69.494	2,235,715		2,217,610	99.19		
2019		37,618,930		5,455,473		32,163,457	73.375	2,359,993		2,307,230	97.76		
2020		38,062,410		5,506,494		32,555,916	68.002	2,214,519		2,195,584	99.14		
2021		30,280,300		5,272,999		25,007,301	68.265	1,707,123		1,667,654	97.69		
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,													
2022	\$	37,026,160	\$	5,546,400	\$	31,479,760	59.762	\$ 1,881,293					

Incremental property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the year of levy if delinquent taxes are collected. County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy if delinquent taxes are collected.

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY IVYWILD NEIGHBORHOOD URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Lew

	Current Year Property Lax Levy											
		Total		Less:		Net	Combined	Total Inc	cremer	ntal	Percentage	
Year Ended		Assessed		Base		Increment	Mills	Propert	ty Taxe	es	Collected	
December 31,		Valuation		/aluation		Valuation	Levied	 Levied		Collected	to Levied	
2017	\$	2,005,569	\$	428,810	\$	1,576,759	58.247	\$ 91,842	\$	91,842	100.00 %	
2018		2,250,370		472,300		1,778,070	69.742	124,007		124,011	100.00	
2019		2,176,740		456,832		1,719,908	73.614	126,610		126,610	100.00	
2020		2,339,700		491,033		1,848,667	68.306	126,276		124,807	98.84	
2021		2,100,790		442,315		1,658,475	68.454	113,530		113,530	100.00	
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,												
2022	\$	2,285,459	\$	481,180	\$	1,804,279	59.762	\$ 107,827				

Incremental property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the year of levy if delinquent taxes are collected. County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy if delinquent taxes are collected.

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY NORTH NEVADA URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF INCREMENTAL SALES AND USE TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31,	Sales Tax Collection		Use Tax Collection		djustments mendments Audits	(Less) Base Amount	Incremental Sales and Use Taxes Collected	
2017	\$	4,548,396	\$	28,209	\$ -	\$ (375,603)	\$	4,201,002
2018		4,739,136		37,317	-	(375,603)		4,400,850
2019		4,927,635		50,494	-	(375,603)		4,602,526
2020		4,815,054		41,612	-	(375,603)		4,481,063
2021		5,449,295		39,116	-	(375,603)		5,112,808
Estimated for								
the Year Ending								
December 31,								
2022	\$	5,092,000						

Incremental sales and use taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent sales and use taxes, returns that may be amended and sales and use tax audits that may relate to prior years. Information received from the City of Colorado Springs does not permit identification of the specific period related to these taxes as they are collected. The base amount resets annually in December.

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY IVYWILD NEIGHBORHOOD URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF INCREMENTAL SALES AND USE TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31,	Sales Tax Collection		Use Tax Collection		djustments nendments Audits	(Less) Base Amount	Incremental Sales and Use Taxes Collected	
2017	\$	116,620	\$	1,192	\$ -	\$ (62,963)	\$	54,849
2018		94,892		1,368	-	(62,963)		33,297
2019		92,069		1,157	-	(62,963)		30,263
2020		77,950		142	-	(62,963)		15,129
2021		56,891		141	-	(62,963)		-
Estimated for								
the Year Ending								
December 31,								
2022	\$	_						

Incremental sales and use taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent sales and use taxes, returns that may be amended and sales and use tax audits that may relate to prior years. Information received from the City of Colorado Springs does not permit identification of the specific period related to these taxes as they are collected. The base amount resets annually in May.

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY COPPER RIDGE URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF INCREMENTAL SALES TAX COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31,		Sales Tax Collection		Use Tax Collection		ljustments nendments Audits	(Less) Base Amount			ncremental Sales Tax Collected
2017	\$	635,458	\$	_	\$	-	\$	(30,272)	\$	605,186
2018		673,972		_		-		(30,272)		643,700
2019		1,269,126		_		(22,704)		(52,976)		1,193,446
2020		1,360,538		_		_		(52,976)		1,307,562
2021		1,539,008		2,224		515		(52,976)		1,488,771
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,	•	4.004.000								
2022	\$	1.364.000								

Incremental sales tax collected in any one year include collection of delinquent sales and use taxes, returns that may be amended and sales tax audits that may relate to prior years. Information received from the City of Colorado Springs does not permit identification of the specific period related to these taxes as they are collected. The base amount resets annually in September.

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY SOUTH NEVADA URBAN RENEWAL PROJECT AREA SCHEDULE OF INCREMENTAL SALES TAX COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31,	 Sales Tax Collection	Ame	istments ndments audits	(Less) Base Amount	Incremental Sales Tax Collected			
2017	\$ 985,440	\$	(450)	\$ (934,475)	\$	50,515		
2018	1,158,819		-	(934,475)		224,344		
2019	1,241,488		-	(934,475)		307,013		
2020	1,065,475		-	(800,979)		264,496		
2021	1,333,001		-	(1,067,972)		265,029		
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2022	\$ 270,000							

Incremental sales tax collected in any one year include collection of delinquent sales tax, returns that may be amended and sales tax audits that may relate to prior years. Information received from the City of Colorado Springs does not permit identification of the specific period related to these taxes as they are collected. The base amount resets annually in October.

COLORADO SPRINGS URBAN RENEWAL AUTHORITY CITY OF CHAMPIONS SCHEDULE OF INCREMENTAL SALES TAX COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Year Ended December 31,		Sales Tax Collection		Adjustments Amendments Audits		(Less) Base Amount		Incremental Sales Tax Collected (13.08%)	
2017 2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	197,288,795 208,007,253 207,828,770 202,115,186 229,278,188	\$	- - - -	\$	(169,503,178) (169,503,178) (169,503,178) (169,503,178) (169,503,178)	\$	3,634,359 5,036,333 5,012,987 4,265,651 7,818,571	
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31, 2022	\$	8,137,000							

Incremental sales tax collected in any one year include collection of delinquent sales tax, returns that may be amended and sales tax audits that may relate to prior years. Information received from the State does not permit identification of the specific period related to these taxes as they are collected. The base amount resets annually in December.